THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

In North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

JANUARY

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

Fort Almanac—January 3.

Sun Rises	7.10 A M
Sun Sets	5 01 P M
Day's Length	9 h 51 m
High Water at Southport	9 46 A M
High Water at Wilmington	11 29 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 2.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 33°; 8 p. m., 46°; maximum, 57°; minimum, 32°; mean 44°.

Rainfall for the day 00; rainfall for the month up to date, 1.40.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina, fair; colder Friday night; southerly, shifting to northeasterly, winds.

The pressure has risen throughout the Rocky Mountain districts, the Missouri and upper Missouri valleys and upper Lake regions, and has fallen in the lower Lake region, the Middle and South Atlantic and Gulf States. An area of unusually high pressure of great extent covers the region west of the Mississippi and is now central in Assiniboia, where the pressure exceeds 31 inches. The storm has moved easterly into Ontario and has been accompanied by a few slight snowfalls in the Lake regions and in the Ohio valley. The Western cold wave has reached the upper lakes and extends down the Mississippi valley as far as Missouri, embracing all the Western regions as far as the Rocky Mountains. Temperatures ten to twenty degrees below zero are general throughout the Northwest.

The temperature will fall in the lower Lake regions, the Ohio and Mississippi valleys and in Texas, and will remain stationary throughout the West.

OUTLINES.

The actual discussion of the merits of the Venezuelan boundary controversy by the recently appointed commission can hardly commence inside of the next two weeks, and there is no possibility of a decision for several months. —— The debt statement for December shows a net decrease in the public debt of $1,179 849. —— Fire at Columbus, Ohio, caused the death of six persons. —— The House Bond bill was considered by the Senate Finance Committee, but no conclusion was reached. —— A four-story building was wrecked in St. Louis, Mo., four persons killed and several badly injured by the explosion of a boiler. —— Dr. Jameson was captured and a number of his followers killed and wounded in a battle with the Boers at Johannesburg, South Africa. —— Application has been made for the appointment of a receiver for the Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. —— Another suit has been instituted to invalidate the lease of the North Carolina Railroad to the Southern Railway. —— A fire at Rutherfordton, N. C., destroyed several buildings. —— The Virginia Peanut Association has decided to wind up its affairs. —— A fire at West Palm Beach, Fla., destroyed over half the business portion of the town. —— The New York Chamber of Commerce adopted resolutions urging friendly negotiations for the peaceful settlement of the Venezuelan controversy. —— Farmers in South Carolina are prosperous and manufacturing industries flourishing. —— Another strike is threatened by the motormen and conductors of the Union Traction Company of Philadelphia. —— N. Y. markets: Money on call was active at 6@10 per cent., last loan at 5½ and closed offered at 5; cotton quiet—middling gulf 8 9 16c; middling 8 5-16c; Southern flour dull, unchanged—common to extra fair $2.10@3.80; good to choice $3.90@3.00; wheat—spot dull and lower; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 69@69¼c; afloat 70¼@70¾c; corn—spot dull and firm; No. 2 at elevator 34¾c; afloat 34⅝c; spirits turpentine quiet and unchanged; rosin dull and unchanged.

Railroad riding is cheap in Australia, where one can ride first class a thousand miles for $6.50.

The Fall River cotton mills in Massachusetts distributed dividends last year of 8.09 per cent. on a capitalization of $21,268,000.

The report that comes from Washington that the President and Speaker Reed had a conference about the tariff, is said to be utterly false.

The Washington *Times* rises to remark that "this time a bond issue will be expensive." Bond issues are always expensive luxuries. We never indulge in them.

It is said that Sarah Bernhardt has been offered $200,000 for her autobiography. If Sarah performs in her auto as she does sometimes it ought to be cheap at that price.

Schlatter, the healer, must have dug a hole in the ground and crawled into it. Since leaving Denver his whereabouts are unknown. When last seen he was on horseback in the San Luis valley, near Trinidad, Cal., but requested not to be followed, saying that he was going into retirement to pray and wait for the Lord to send him forth again. The man is as much a mystery as his alleged healing powers, for he refuses all compensation and heals the poor as well as the rich. There are now over 2,000 letters, many of them registered, waiting for him in the Denver postoffice.

A horse recently died in New York from the bite of a rabid dog some weeks before, of which he was supposed to be cured. He was naturally a very gentle animal, but suddenly became crazed at the sight of water, bit at every thing that came near him, tore his own flesh and finally was shot to put him out of agony. Some hold that there is no such thing as genuine rabies, that it is an imaginary disease. How about the horse? He hadn't been brooding over the bite.

In 1894 the bank looters got away with something over $25,000,000, which beat the record of the year before by about $6,000,000. The returns are not all in yet for last year, but we have no doubt they will show the usual amount of activity, if not more so.

The English singers have taken a fancy to our song "You Can't Play in Our Yard." We don't want to play in your little old yard, but *you* sha'n't play in our yard nor in the yards of any of our South American cousins, either.

Mr. Dryenfurth, who sometime ago experimented as a rain-compeller, is going to try his hand on the London fog. If he succeeds in dispelling that perhaps the Londoners can see themselves as "ithers see them."

As an illustration of how the port of Mobile is pushing ahead, the *Register* notes the fact that one day last week there were forty ocean-going vessels loading and unloading there. That says a good deal.

The Chicago newspapers have formed a combine and declared that they will draw the line on the chromo. With no mo' chromo how will the Chicago paper seduce the rural denizen to subscribe?

The story which comes from Cuba that the insurgents catch snakes, dip them in petroleum and then turn them lose to fire the sugar plantations, lacks the affidavit necessary to give it respectability.

While the war with Great Britain is hanging fire the people of Idaho are practicing by making war on the jack rabbits. In a raid the other day they slaughtered 5,126.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—House and lot.
CLYDE LINE—Sailing days.
BIDS WANTED—Erecting engine house

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mrs. E. M. Smith, of Abbottsburg, N. C., is a guest of The Purcell.

— Dr. I. Faison, of Charlotte, was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. H. N. Smith, of Philadelphia, is here, registered at The Purcell.

— Mr. Robin Taylor, of Jacksonville, Fla., is here visiting friends and relatives.

— Mr. R. W. Livermore, of Pates, N. C., a prominent merchant, is stopping at The Purcell.

— Mr. Ed. David, a Philadelphia shoe manufacturer, and son of Mr. A. David, of this city, is here visiting relatives.

— Mr. F. C. Withers, of the Columbia, S. C., *State*, who is in the city on business, made the STAR a pleasant call yesterday.

— The STAR regrets to learn that Mr. Francis M. Moore, of Brunswick, is confined to his home with a severe attack of "la grippe."

— Mr. Joe. P. Whitehead, formerly of this city, but now in the freight department of the A. C. L. at Rocky Mount, is here on a visit to old acquaintances.

— The arrivals at The Orton yesterday were Bruce Williams, Burgaw; John Harvey, Baltimore; T. A. Norment, Lumberton; A. P. Amoker, Dunn; S. M. Baldwin, Whiteville; W. S. Clough, Chadbourn; W. M. Colvnhoun, New York; John H. Raine, Atlanta; C. L. Banner, Mt. Airy.

Fayetteville's Co-operative Cotton Mill.

The *Observer* says: "The shareholders in the proposed co-operative cotton mill met in the Town Hall Tuesday night and perfected an organization. Major Charles Haigh was elected chairman, and Mr. C. W. Bidgood secretary of the meeting. After due discussion and various necessary resolutions, a charter was adopted. Major J. B. Broadfoot then put in nomination the following gentlemen for directors and they were elected: Major Chas. Haigh, Col. W. S. Cook, Dr. H. W. Lilly, Major J. A. McLauchlin and Messrs. J. D. McNeill, J. P. Thomson, W. L. Holt, H. Lutterloh and C. A. Rankin.

"The title of the new corporation will be the Phoenix Manufacturing Company.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVII.—NO. 87. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 3, 1896. WHOLE NO. 8,946

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— North Carolina should have a State Baseball League and Wilmington should be in it with the strongest club.

— Mr. Jabez Myers, the former well known commercial traveller, is now an inmate of the State Hospital at Morganton.

— Mr. Elijah F. Moore, formerly a prominent business man of Fayetteville, died at Fremont last Monday. He was in his 64th year.

— Ella Davis and Ella Henry, both colored and both guilty of disorderly conduct, were fined five dollars each in the City Court yesterday.

— The schooner *Max* cleared yesterday for Port-au-Prince, Hayti, with 126,654 feet lumber, valued at $1,404.61. Vessel by Geo. Harriss, Son & Co; cargo by S. & W. H. Northrop.

— A telegram was received here yesterday by Messrs. Geo. Harriss, Son & Co., reporting the loss of the American schooner *Clytie*, bound from Baltimore to Charleston. Particulars of the loss were not given.

— Old newspapers may be had at the STAR office for 15 cents per hundred or $1.25 per thousand. They are suitable for wrapping paper and add much to the durability of carpets when placed under them.

— It is said at Washington that the Navy Department is seriously contemplating putting the old monitors in condition for coast defence purposes. The *Nantucket*, now in this port, is included in the number.

— The Central Baptist Sunday School, colored, will make its Christmas tree exhibit to-night at the church. Any person will be allowed to put presents on the tree for any friend by application to the committee. Exercises will commence at 8 o'clock.

— The Fayetteville *Observer* says the liabilities of Mr. F. W. Thornton, who made an assignment last week, are variously estimated at $150 000 to $200,000. Mr. Thornton is in hard luck, this being his second assignment in about two years.

CAPTURED IN BRUNSWICK.

A Negro Man Charged with Robbing a Grocery Store in Wilmington.

Deputy Sheriff Flynn yesterday landed in the county jail a negro man for whom he had been searching several months and against whom there are charges of store-breaking and robbery.

Last September Mr. Thos. J. Gore's grocery store, corner of Dock and Water streets, was robbed during the night of money and goods amounting in value to about $100.

The presumption was that the thief was concealed in the store when it was closed for the day, as all the windows were found as Mr. Gore had left them and the lock on the door from which the thief made his exit was found to be all right. The thief left a note on the counter, directed to Mr. Gore, which read as follows: "This was a sharp negro that went in here to-night. You can't get him."

A few days after the robbery a warrant was issued for the arrest of one David Neal (colored), the supposed robber, but the officers were unable to find him. Since that time Deputy Sheriff Flynn has been working on the case, and a few days ago he received information that Neal was in Brunswick county. He immediately sent the warrant for Neal's arrest to 'Squire Gay of that county, and on yesterday Neal was arrested and brought here and lodged in jail. He will have a hearing before Justice Bunting this morning at 10 o'clock.

APPOINTMENTS

Wilmington District—W. S. Rone, P. E.

Scott's Hill circuit, Rocky Point—January 4, 5.

Wilmington, Grace church, January 12, 13.

Wilmington, Bladen street, night—January 13.

Southport station—January 16, 17.

Onslow circuit, Stella—January 25, 26.

Brunswick circuit, Bethel—February 1, 2.

Columbus circuit, Evergreen—February 8th.

Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Wheatland—February 9th and 10th.

Waccamaw circuit, Shiloh—February 10th.

Elizabeth circuit, Singleton—February 15th and 16th.

Carver's Creek, Wayman—February 22nd and 23rd.

Kenansville circuit and Onslow Mission, Worley Chapel—February 29th and March 1st.

Bladen circuit, Bethlehem—March 7th and 8th.

Magnolia circuit, Centenary—March 14th and 15th.

Clinton circuit, Keeners—March 21st and 22nd.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Local Forecast.

Observer Graham says: "It will be warmer in this vicinity during the next two or three days, followed by rapidly falling temperature on the approach of the cold wave from the Northwest, which will not be felt here for two or three days hence."

Encyclopedia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopedia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office

PUBLIC INSTALLATION

Of Officers Elect of I. O. O. F. Lodges at the Opera House—Address by Grand Lecturer Philip H. Pelletier, of Newbern.

One of the largest gatherings that has met at the Opera House this season assembled there last night to witness the installation ceremonies of the officers elect of four Odd Fellows Lodges of this city and hear the address of Grand Lecturer Philip H. Pelletier.

At eight o'clock Cape Fear, Orion and Wilmington Lodges, formed into ranks at Odd Fellows Hall and marched down Princess street to Front, where they were joined by Hanover Lodge. From there all four lodges marched to Market street, up Market to Third, and up Third to the Opera House, where the following programme was carried out, viz:

Opening Ode, by the Order.

Prayer, by Rev. W. B. Oliver.

Duet, "The Fisherman," (Gabussi), by Jas. D. Smith and A. S. Holden.

Installation exercises by the Grand Lodge officers of the occasion: Grand Master, Philip H. Pelletier; Deputy Grand Master, W. W. Yopp; Grand Warden, Isaac Northrop; Grand Secretary, F. B. Rice; Grand Treasurer, R. J. Jones; Grand Marshal, Marsden Bellamy; Grand Conductor, J. E Matthews; Grand Guardian, Marcus W. Jacobi; Grand Herald, J. J. Hopkins, Grand Chaplain, Rev. W. B. Oliver.

Solo, "selected," by Mr. A. S. Holden.

Address by Philip H. Pelletier, Grand Lecturer, of Newbern, N. C.

Quartette, "Good Night," (from Martha), Miss Maynie Henderson, Miss Carrie S. White, Jas. D. Smith, A. S. Holden; Miss Cannie Chasten accompanist.

Closing Ode, by the Order.

Benediction, by Rev. W. B. Oliver.

The address of Mr. Pelletier was a grand, masterly oration, full of eloquence, conveying in a commonsense manner the purposes and objects of the Order.

The music of the occasion was by some of Wilmington's best talent, and judging from the applause and encores rendered it was much appreciated by all present.

The committee of arrangements were Marcus W. Jacobi (chairman), J. W. Fleet, W. W. Yopp, W. L. Jacobs, L. Tate Bowden, W. H. Howell, Isaac Northrop, J. M. McGowan, Secretary.

The officers installed were:

Cape Fear No. 2—A. J. Marshall, N. G; A. A. Brown, V. G; James T. Riley, Secretary; William Goodman, Treasurer; L. P. McKenzie, Warden; W. H. Badon, Conductor; A. H. Creasey, R. S. to N. G.; W. E. Yopp, L. S. to N. G.; W. E. Perdew, R. S. to V. G.; J. J. Kelly, L. S. to V. G.; F. Lafella, R. S. S.; W. F. LeGwin, L. S. S.; J. M. Holmes, I. G.; W. M. Hayes, O. G.; W. B. Oliver, Chaplain, and J. W. Fleet, Organist.

Orion, No. 67—G. H. Howell, N. G.; C. C. Parker, V. G.; L. T. Bowden, Secretary; J. E. Silva, F. S.; H. O. Craig, Treasurer; Wm. Merritt, Warden; J. W. Mintz, Conductor; W. J. King, R. S. to N. G.; B. R. Penny, L. S. to N. G.; W. W. Yopp, R. S. to V. G.; F. B. Rice, L. S. to V. G.; G. T. Bland, R. S. S.; R. W. Jones, L. S. S.; J. E. Gordon, I. G.; J. W. Hodges, O. G.; W. S. Hewlett, Chaplain.

Wilmington, No. 139—J. H. Hardin, N. G; W. L. Jacobs, V. G; J. M. McGowan, Secretary; H. W. Collins, F. S.; B. J. Jacobs, Treasurer; W. S. Wishart, Warden; J. F. Littleton, Conductor; J. J. Hopkins, R. S. to N. G.; E. W. Manning, Jr., L. S. to N. G.; E. R. Wooten, R. S. to V. G.; J. R. Davis, L. S. to V. G.; E Batson, R. S. S.; J. L. Bowden, L. S. S.; W. A. McGowan, I. G.; T. G. Evans, O. G; W. C. Smith, Chaplain.

Hanover No. 145.—Julius Steraberger, N. G.; M. A. Foote, V. G.; S. G. Hall, Secretary; W. H. Howell, Treasurer; P. Merritt, Warden; W. J. Brown, Conductor; N. M. Hunt, R. S. to N. G.; H. E. Bonitz, L. S. to N. G.; Wm. West, R. S. to V. G.; W. M. Young, L. S. to V. G.; M. Friedman, R. S. S.; C. C. Blake, L. S. S.; R. P. Johnson, I. G; M. C. Rayner, O. G.; J. O. Wiggs, Chaplain.

Christmas Entertainment.

Brooklyn Baptist Church held its annual Christmas festival Wednesday night at the hall, corner of Fourth and Brunswick street. It was one of the prettiest Christmas tree entertainments ever arranged in this city with two large trees on each side of the rostrum and a brick candy fireplace and chimney between, with an old fashioned clock on the mantel. After recitations and songs little Sallie Ballinger sang a Christmas carol, after which Santa Claus, impersonated by Mr. J. E. Murrill, distributed presents. Everybody enjoyed themselves and at the close a silk hat and umbrella were presented the pastor, Rev. Mr. Kramer; a box of handkercheifs to his wife and an umbrella to Mr. J. E. Murrill. The presents to the scholars were all very pretty.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—38 bales cotton, 14 casks spirits turpentine, 176 bbls rosin, 92 bbls tar, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—6 bales cotton, 51 casks spirits turpentine, 9 bbls rosin, 16 bbls tar.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—5 bales cotton, 24 casks spirits turpentine, 4 bbls rosin, 46 bbls tar.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—4 bales cotton, 5 casks spirits turpentine, 71 bbls rosin, 33 bbls tar.

Steamer Daggett—6 bbls tar, 18 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 53 bales; spirits turpentine, 99 casks; rosin, 260 bbls; tar, 195 bbls; crude turpentine, 19 bbls.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

A MARKET MAN HELD UP NEAR RALEIGH.

Beaten, Choked and Robbed—The Robber Arrested and Committed to Jail—Exposition on the Governor for a Murderer—Ex-County Superintendent Chappell of Wake County in Trouble.

[*Star Correspondence*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 2.

One of the most daring and bold highway robberies ever perpetrated in Wake county occurred Friday evening in broad open daylight. W. J. Thurston, a chicken and produce peddler of Johnston county, who visits the Raleigh market weekly, was held up six miles from Raleigh by a big negro, who first stated that he wanted to make a purchase. With the threat of "your money or your life," the negro pulled out his pistol. The two men went together and struggled for supremacy for three-quarters of an hour. Mr. Thurston's cries of murder were heard by neighbors who thought the cries were those of children playing. The negro finally overcame Mr. Thurston, who is 60 years old, by choking him. He took $60.75, which was in a bag. Mr. Thurston had $300 on his person in paper. This was what he fought for. The negro spent the money freely at a "festival" and was detected. He has been identified by Mr. Thurston and is named Chas. Graham. He is now in jail. Mr. Thurston was injured by a club in the negro's hand. The chambers in his pistol were empty, otherwise he would have killed the old man.

Governor Atkinson, of Georgia, makes requisition on Governor Carr for Henry Williams, under arrest at Fayetteville. Williams killed two men in Georgia. All the parties are colored.

There is some little trouble about the final settlement of the ex-County Superintendent of Public Instruction Arthur Chappel, for Wake county, and the County Treasurer. The Treasurer reported to the Board of County Commissioners two months ago that there was a balance due. The Superintendent had typhoid fever and was unable to appear. He says that he thought he had paid the amount in question. Mr. Chappell is ready to settle and his friends say that he will do so when the board meets. There was more or less friction between the Superintendent and the Treasurer.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

The new savings bank was opened today, with B. R. Lacy cashier. He will not resign his position as Labor Statistician, as was expected.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Wilmington Postoffice January 2, 1896:

WOMEN'S LIST.

I—Mrs Lewgine Inis. J—Mrs Eliza C James, Miss Ella James, Mrs L J Jackson. M—Miss Annie Murry. S—Mrs Ella Scott, Mrs Harrie H Starkey, Manda Sidberry. T—Mrs A T Tyler, Mrs H C Thrash. W—Mrs Jane Ward, Mrs Mary Ann Williams, Miss Polly Wells.

MEN'S LIST.

B—Mr E H Bennett. C—Mr Jas H Collins. D—Mr E M Davis, James Douglass. H—Wm T Howe. J—Mr John E Jinkins. L—Mr Oscar Langston, Pompey Lyon. M—Washington Monroe, Mr Jimmie Micholson. P—Mr A Paton. O—Mr Willie Odom. R—C M Rosenbaum & Co. S—Mr T B Smith. T—Dan Thomas, (col) W—Mr Leonard Wallace.

RETURNED FROM DEAD-LETTER OFFICE.

Cloata Brown, W G Ellis, Eva Hall, Mrs J M Johnson, Linney B Pearsall, Lucy Shipman, W Williams.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in 15 days, they will be sent to the dead letter office.

GEO. L. MORTON, Postmaster.

ROSEBORO ROBBERY.

The Preliminary Examination at Clinton—Agent Grier on the Witness Stand All Day—A Recess Taken Until To-Day—Court House Packed with Spectators—Able Array of Counsel.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

CLINTON, N. C., January 2.—The Express robbery case at Roseboro came up for preliminary hearing to-day. Express Agent Grier, who made a confession implicating Dr. Fleet J. Cooper and Redden Butler, had the witness stand all day. He testified that the robbery was a conspiracy, suggested by Butler and agreed to by himself and Dr. Cooper. According to his evidence, Dr. Cooper acted the masked man and got the money. Butler was in Fayetteville that night, in order to be able to prove an alibi.

Grier had not finished giving his testimony when the court took a recess this evening until to-morrow. It is thought the remainder of the week will be consumed in the preliminary examination. The court house was packed with spectators who came from all over the county to hear the examination. Nothing in years has created a more profound sensation here than this matter. Cooper is the coroner of the county and Butler is mayor of Roseboro; both are of good families and widely connected. They say the story of Grier is false, and propose to introduce evidence to offset it. An able array of counsel represents both sides. Messrs. Cooper & Fowler, J. D. Kerr and M. C. Richardson appear for the State and Lee & Butler, J. L. Stewart and H. E. Faison for the defence.

SUTTON-RANKIN.

Marriage in the M. E. Church at Fayetteville.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Jan. 2.—Miss Hattie, daughter of Colonel and Mrs. Thos H. Sutton, was married at Hay Street Methodist Church this evening at 8 30 o'clock to Mr. Chas. L. Rankin. Both young people are prominent in society circles.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

TREATMENT OF LA GRIPPE.

A Maryland Physician Tells How It May Be Cured Quickly and With Simple Remedies—Cut the Article Out and Save It.

Dr. Thomas H. Buckler writes to the Maryland *Medical Journal* as follows:

When, in 1892, I published in the Maryland *Medical Journal*, a paper of ten pages on the etiology and history of influenza (la grippe) nothing was said about the treatment, which is, after all, a simple matter, and is here given in the following brief words, whether the disease is ushered in the usual way, with *courbature* (muscular aching all over the body) or primarily as a rheumatic sore throat (tonsilitis) converted rapidly by metastasis into endocarditis, of which Bishop Brooks died, or commences as a rheumatic bronchitis, which, transferred to the heart, caused the death of the poet Browning at the Palazzo Rezzonico, on the Grand canal, at Venice.

Influenza is always a rheumatismal disease and as such must be treated. Therefore give at the instant of the seizure our old-fashioned Dover's powder, the active ingredients of which are one grain of opium; one grain of ipecac, with eight grains of sugar of milk, to give it bulk.

If the seizure of this malady is during the day, put the patient to bed as soon as possible and give the Dover powder. After a sleep of six or seven hours give, dissolved in water, fifteen grains of salicylate of sodium and repeat this dose every six or eight hours, and, to facilitate the sweating caused thereby, cover up well with warm blankets. Four of these powders are usually sufficient to sweat and stamp out the disease, and there is an end of it, but if further required, the salicylate may be continued without stint at regular intervals, as already stated.

Both in Paris and here, I have never known the most violent case of this disease to detain a patient in bed longer than two or three days at most. The above treatment was adopted at the very beginning, and fearing the seizure might be at night, the above simple remedies were always kept in the house.

But when this treatment is not adopted at once and carefully carried out the morbid elements may fly to some vital organ, causing detention in bed for weeks and not infrequently loss of life afterward, or months or years of more or less suffering.

The use of Dover's powder, followed by salicylate of sodium is so wholly and entirely the proper mode of treating influenza that no other method need for one moment be entertained or made a subject for inquiry or experiment. The Dover-salicylate is not only the best treatment for complicated influenza, but the best for the visceral rheumatism, which in many cases attends or rapidly follows it, and as no time should therefore be lost in giving the salicylate, the first dose of it may be given contemporaneously with the Dover's powder and the other single doses continued at the intervals already stated.

The most usual visceral complications are rheumatic nephritis, rheumatic or gouty inflammation of the gall ducts, fibro-bronchitis, incipient pneumonia and incipient endo and pericarditis, the two last being most generally preceded by rheumatic bronchitis, and the outcome usually pronounced "heart failure" by those unacquainted with the pathology of rheumatism.

IMPORTANT TO BEER DRINKERS.

The Brewers Form a Trust With $60,000,000 Capital and Advance Prices.

[*New York Herald*]

CHICAGO, ILL., Dec. 30.—The brewers have finally agreed and the fifty-two brewers in the English companies, having a capital of $60,000,000, have formed a virtual trust. The compact was made to-day in the office of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank.

The Anheuser-Busch Company, of St. Louis, Mo., which has been holding out persistently for some time, came in this morning, thus completing the compact. Immediately thereafter it was agreed to raise the price of the beer $5 per barrel. This advance will take effect to-morrow.

For several years the brewers in the West have been engaged in competition, which has threatened serious consequences, and the vast capital invested has been in serious jeopardy. There has been an average annual sale in this country of 3,000,000 barrels of beer, which, during the fight, have been sold at a loss.

This competition has led to an unprofitable increase in the number of saloons. One of the consequences of the formation of the trust will be a decrease of two thousand in the number of saloons. The fight has cost the brewers millions of dollars, the exact amount not being obtainable.

THE LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS.

The Trouble at Savannah Likely to Be Settled After a Conference with Mr. Plant.

The Savannah *News* says: "Chief Arthur and the members of the Board of Adjustment of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers returned to their homes last night. This was due to a telegram received yesterday by Chief Arthur from President Plant stating that he would meet the chief and the board in Savannah for a conference some time within the next three weeks, and that due notification would be given of the date of the meeting.

"We do not apprehend any trouble," said one of the committee when seen by a *Morning News* reporter. "We are satisfied that when we see Mr. Plant and make a clear statement to him of the whole matter that there will be no difficulty in reaching an amicable agreement. We are not asking for any increased pay or for any additional privileges. We only ask for the same guarantee of our rights as we have had for years, and which no doubt was given with Mr. Plant's full knowledge and consent. We have always found Mr. Plant ready to deal fairly and uprightly with his employes, and we have no reason to expect otherwise now."

"The strike talk has died out now and the situation will remain in *statu quo* until the conference with Mr. Plant."

APPOINTMENTS

For Visitations by the Bishop of East Carolina.

Jan 3d—Friday—Williamston—Church of the Advent.

M P—Morning Prayer. E P—Evening Prayer.

Holy Communion at all morning services.

The children catechised when practicable.

The Vestries will pleased be prepared to meet the Bishop.

Offerings to be for Diocesan Missions.

MASQUERADE AT CLINTON.

The Costumes Unique and Striking—Two Newspapers Represented.

The *Democrat* gives a very interesting account of a holiday event at Clinton. The following is an extract:

Among the most pleasant events of the holiday season in Clinton was the masquerade ball at Cedar Grove Inn on Friday night, given by Miss Marianna Holmes. The costumes were unique and many were decidedly original.

Mr. J. F. Parker, as backwoods belle, created a profound sensation and early in the evening was the centre of attraction. Mr. H. P. Johnson represented a rustic daisy, his dominick gown and number 9 trilbys showing up with impressive effect. Mr. W. S. Partrick personated a bloomer girl, being first to introduce the bifurcated skirt in Clinton. Mr. H. B. Chestnutt very successfully represented an Italian dago. Two newspapers, *The Sampson Democrat* and the WILMINGTON STAR, were in evidence. Miss Lang Holliday wore a costume made of the former, and carried a *Democrat* banner. Miss Carrie Johnson's costume was made of STARS. Mr. David Oates was made up as an Australian Bushman and Mr. Andrew Flanner as an Old Testament patriarch.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

At Morrison's

YOU FIND FRESH CANDIES, FRESH NUTS, FRESH FRUITS.

THE SWEETEST and PRETTIEST STORE in the City. dec 22 tf

Bids.

Bids will be received for the erection of an Engine House. Plans and specifications at the office of the undersigned until Tuesday, January 7th, at 12 m. The Committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

W. C. VONGLAHN,
Chairman Committee.
jan 3 2t fr su

For Sale.

That desirable House and Lot occupied by the Cape Fear Engine Co., on Ann between Front and Second streets. Bids will be received for the same at the office of the undersigned. The Committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

W. C. VONGLAHN,
Chairman Committee.
jan 3 2t fr su

They Say

A "GREEN CHRISTMAS MAKES A FAT Graveyard."

Buy Your Medicines

FROM

JAMES D. NUTT,

THE DRUGGIST,

And you won't have to bother with any graveyards. dec 22 tf

CROLIUS & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Cotton.

45-47 Exchange Place and Mount Morris Bank Building, 125th Street and Park Avenue.

OUR MARKET LETTER, ISSUED GRATIS and mailed free on application; also our yearly Stock, Grain and Cotton Record, which will be completed on January 2, 1896. We offer special facilities to out-of-town brokers.

OUR HARLEM OFFICE has just entered on its fifth year of faithful service to clients in Greater New York, and it may be said, and truly so, that the service rendered has never been equaled. Aside from being Harlem's oldest stock brokers, we have the largest clientele, more private wires, telephones, employ more telegraph operators, clerks and bookkeepers than any other up-town brokers. Also larger and more commodious suite of offices, with unequaled facilities, NORTH OF WALL STREET.

National Bank references, New York Cotton Exchange references, New York Stock Exchange references, Chicago Board of Trade references.

WILMINGTON OFFICE: 111 North Water Street.

U. M. ROBINSON, Manager.

Out of town business solicited. dec 29 6m

STATEMENT OF THE

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

At the close of business, Dec. 13th, 1895. Condensed Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.

Loans		$588,306 85
Overdrafts		219 81
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds		31,250 00
Banking House and Fixtures		10,0 0 00
Redemption Fund		1,406 00
Due from Reserve Agent	$49,071 15	
Due from other Banks	97,4 6 29	
Cash on hand	50,081 69	196,569 22
Total		$797,818 03

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$125,000 00
Surplus	$31,000 00	
Undivided profits	17,067 01	52 067 01
Circulation		28,100 00
Total deposits		592,651 01
Total		$797,818 02

DIRECTORS:

J. W. Norwood, W. E. Springer,
D. L. Gore, C. W. Worth,
S. P. McNair, E. J. Powers,
Sam'l Bear, Jr., H. L. Vollers,
W. C. Coker, Jr.
J. L. Coker, Hartsville, S. C.,
G. A. Norwood, Greenville, S. C.

New York correspondents, Chemical National Bank.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Dec. 31st, 1895.

Stockholders in above Bank will please call at Bank and get their January dividend checks. dec 22 6t

1 3-4 lb., 2 lb. and 2 1-4 lb.

Bagging.

New Arrow Ties,

August and September

DELIVERY AT LOWEST PRICES

Get our prices before buying.

WORTH & WORTH.

Wholesale Grocers.

july 27 tf

THE MORNING STAR,

THE OLDEST,

DAILY NEWSPAPER

IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THREE WEEKS

LEFT FOR BRISK BUSINESS.

We have to crowd on steam during these three weeks; trade must move at a livelier pace. Goods must go and dollars must come even if prices are clipped to a point where profit vanishes. The Cloaks, the Dress Goods, the Silks, the Underwear, all share in the liberal reduction made to win you to the store now.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

Cash House.

No. 9 North Front St.

Very Interesting News

From the Cloak Room.

You have seen and admired the season's Jaunty Coats, in the tempting rough and smooth fabrics. Perhaps you have thought that it takes a goodly amount of cash to own one of those fetching garments. Wrong! Several hundred garments in just the cut and cloth that are most fashionable are here for you to choose from, at $10, $12, $15, $18 and $20. Also higher-priced ones if you are ready to pay more.

Dress Goods and Silks.

The general theory is that December is a slow month for Dress Goods and Silks on account of the attention Christmas purchasing is given by the public to fancy articles. We find that this is a fallacy. Our December business in DRESS GOODS and SILKS is larger than any other month. Why?

FIRST—

Because the public are learning to spend their money for sensible presents.

SECOND—

From the fact of the great reductions made during this month, $20,000 in Dress Goods alone having suffered a cut of $5,000 commencing this week. The displays embrace all the new conceits of fashion.

Carpets, Rugs, Shades

—AND—

Lace Curtains.

The most complete line the State.

100 Kotlo Rugs worth $1, for 49c.

75 Smyrna Rugs worth 90c, for 59c.

100 Moquette $1.50 Rugs for 98c.

Attention paid to special Shade Measurement, and careful Carpet Fitting. All work guaranteed.

Katz & Polvogt,

No 9 North Front St.,

dec 15 tf

For Sale,

2,600 ACRES LAND,

WELL ADAPTED FOR

Farming,

situate about ten miles from Chadbourn, N. C., and about one mile from the Wilmington & Conway Railroad.

Possession given at once. Terms reasonable. Apply to

12 Market Street,

dec 14 tf Wilmington, N. C.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months, $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

A announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisments must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author s withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JAN. 3, 1896

RAILWAY MILEAGE IN 1895.

The Chicago *Railway Age* presents a tabulated statement of railway construction in 1895, which shows a new mileage of 1,782 miles, the smallest number constructed since 1887, which was the top-notch year, the new mileage reaching 12,983 miles. Since that year there has been a steady decline, as shown by the following statement:

	Track laid. Miles
1887	12 883
1888	7.104
1889	5 240
1890	5 670
1891	4 281
1893	4,194
1893	2 685
1894	1 9.9
1895	1,782

The new mileage last year was not only the smallest since 1887, but there was also more States in which there was no new mileage, there being out of the forty-nine States and Territories reported, fifteen States in which there was not a mile of new road laid. Of the New England States Maine is the only one which did any railway laying, that State showing 86 miles. Tennessee is the only one of the Southern States which shows no new mileage. Texas leads all the States with 224.22 miles, the Indian Territory coming next with 149.71 miles. The following table shows the construction by States, omitting the States and Territory in which there was no track laid:

States.	Lines.	Miles.
Alabama	6	53.49
Arizona	2	63.30
Arkansas	5	82.00
California	7	95.50
Colorado	2	35 90
Florida	8	71 25
Georgia	7	81 75
Indiana	4	16 93
Indian Territory	3	149.71
Illinois	8	78 33
Iowa	1	11 66
Kansas	2	17.70
Kentucky	4	25 00
Louisiana	4	50 83
Maine	4	86 14
Maryland	2	2.70
Michigan	10	76.90
Minnesota	7	83 96
Mississippi	3	13.00
Missouri	2	33.43
Montana	2	10 00
New Jersey	1	5 00
New York	8	68 81
North Carolina	5	39 30
Ohio	10	87.65
Oklahoma	1	47 88
Pennsylvania	13	86.57
South Carolina	1	6 33
Texas	13	224 23
Utah	2	10 00
Virginia	3	43 00
West Virginia	7	85 95
Washington	1	2.61
Wisconsin	5	35 50
Total in 34 States and Territories	163	1,782 39

By running over this list it will be found that out of the total of 1782 miles, 939, or something over half, was laid in Southern States and Territories.

This isn't a very large showing for the country or for any of the States, nor even for Texas, (which is a very large State) although she leads the list; but under the circumstances there is nothing remarkable about it. The past few years have been hard years on railroads, many of them going into the hands of receivers, and among these some of the largest systems, because they didn't earn money enough to meet their maturing obligations and pay current expenses. Some of these have pulled through in the hands of the receivers, others have been reorganized and others sold under the hammer. The last of these was the Topeka & Santa Fe road, known as the Atchison system, embracing ten thousand miles of road and valued at $200,000,000, which was sold under forfeiture a short while ago for $60,000,000, taken in, we suppose, by some of the big bondholders.

With so many roads embarrassed, so many in the hands of receivers and of creditors, and so few making any profit it is not surprising that there should be a decided decline in road building, and that capitalists manifested little disposition to put their money in them.

Instead of building new lines the tendency seems to have been to consolidation, to reorganization and to the securing control of connecting lines to put the consolidated companies in a position to compete with rival lines, and the probabilities are that most of the new mileage laid was to perfect connections, to shorten distance, and here and there to supply feeders by short lines running to manufacturing and other plants which needed transportation for their outputs.

But in addition to the poor showing the roads have made, even those that managed to keep out of the hands of creditors, the scarcity of money for the past few years has proved a decided drawback to enterprises and investments of that kind, the money-leaders not caring to furnish money where the chances of getting the interest, not to speak of the principal, were so slim. There are some sections of the country which are so well supplied with railroad facilities that there is need for little if any more, and in these sections of course the new mileage will amount to but little in the future, but there are other sections in the South and the West where there is or will be need for much new road. When business is thoroughly recovered from the prostration of 1893, confidence fully restored, and the sequestered money turned into the channels of enterprise and trade again the revival in railroad building will begin and in our opinion begin first in the South, where there is the most need for more mileage and the best prospects of its paying. With the increase of population by influx from other sections, the growth of towns, new manufacturing enterprises and the developement of mineral lands and the growth of the timber business, which is increasing year by year, there will be a constant demand for more transportation facilities. If money was as abundant in the South as it is in the Eastern States, there would be more roads constructed in this section within the coming years than in all the rest of the country put together, but the want of money cramps not only railroad building but many other enterprises that would be established if we had the capital at command. If we had State banks we could utilize our money resources and be independent of the money lenders of other sections.

MINOR MENTION.

The British home government has made haste to repudiate the action of Dr. Jamison, an employe of the British South Africa Company, who has invaded the territory of the Dutch Republic. The Government of the British Colony and Cecil Rhodes, President of the South Africa Company, and Prime Minister of the Cape Colony, have also disavowed any complicity in it, and excuse their failure to prevent it by saying that Jamison after he entered the territory of the Boers, cut the telegraph wires behind him so that he could not be reached in that way. This looks like a put up job and a put up apology, for they must have known of the movements of this man who could not have organized a force of five or six hundred men without attracting their attention. If so, they knew less about it than the world abroad did, for the news gatherers have kept up pretty well with the movements down there and have cabled them from day to day. The possibilities are that these sudden disavowals have been inspired by the indignation excited in Germany by these performances and the apparent covert support given them by the British colonial and home authorities. Germany has interests in that part of the world which must be protected, and to protect them it will be necessary to protect the integrity of the Dutch Republic. In its essence, as applied in this instance, this declaration is a re-affirmation of the spirit if not the letter of the Monroe doctrine, as viewed from a German standpoint.

* * *

It was said some time ago that the President was looking around among the colleges to find "professors" to put on the Venezuelan commission, succeeded in finding two. The other three gentlemen selected have been included in the speculative lists of names presented by the newspapers. In the selection of these five gentlemen politics didn't figure, which gives evidence of the fact that the President was more anxious to get at the truth in this contention than to get endorsement for himself or pretexts to support the American side of the question. From the positions these gentlemen occupy and the reputation they have, they are doubtless well qualified for the discharge of the important mission to which they have been assigned and will be acceptable to the American people, who must stand by their decision whatever it may be. The character of the commission should also commend it to the English people who will fail to find on it any one who goes on it with a predisposition to show unfairness to England or to seek a pretext to give the British lion's tail a twist.

* * *

The name of Gov. Morton, of New York, has figured more or less in the prospective list of Republican candidates for the Presidential nomination, but he was looked upon more as a possible than as an assured candidate. His own announcement that he is a candidate settles that matter, and will give the other candidates, and Mr. T. B. Reed, especially, something to think about. With New York pledged to Morton, as alleged it will be, it destroys the prospect of making anything like a solid showing from the East, for any candidate from that section, and that an Eastern candidate would be expected to have. Under these circumstances, all other things being equal, the candidate from New York would have the advantage of any other candidate from the Eastern section, because of the fact that New York is still regarded as a pivotal State, and with her large electoral vote weighs heavy in the scales. What Mr. Morton's strength outside of New York may be is yet problematical but if he goes into the convention with the solid vote of his own State, and the determined support of its Republican leaders, he can make it a very interesting racket for the other candidates.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— We do not believe that another war scare would cause the fool speculators in Great Britain to sacrifice their American securities. In fact, we have seen no signs of the "great sacrifice" advertised the other day. The speculators and option dealers were the only persons that had the hysterics on either side. —*Atlanta Constitution Dem.*

—— Twenty-five years ago it would have been utterly impossible for the English capitalists to have created such a panic and commotion in our market. Had our fiscal policy been of a healthy form we ought to have grown stronger year by year instead of weaker, as has been the case.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— There is little probability of the new revenue tariff bill adopted by the House commanding the approval of the Senate, and it passed by the Senate, it is not at all doubtful that the President would veto it. The proposition to restore tariff taxes on wool is simply the first step toward a return to the monopoly tariff of 1890 that taxed the masses oppressively for the benefit of classes, and that was condemned overwhelmingly by the American people.—*Philadelphia Times, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Concord *Standard*: Mrs. Margaret M. Lyles, wife of W. J. Lyles, of No. 5 township, aged 48 years, died on Tuesday night of pneumonia.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: The death of Mrs. Susan Grady, wife of Mr. Edward Grady, occurred at their home in this city on Boundary street, Friday morning at 5 o'clock, suddenly of consumption.

— Salisbury *Herald*: Sam Montgomery, the champion hog killer of Salisbury, has broken his record this year. Up to this morning Sam had slaughtered two hundred and forty-five porkers and he has not quit yet. Other hog killers are doing an immense business this year.

— Clinton *Democrat*: Mrs. Scott Page died at the home of her father, Mr. J. R. Cooper, in Honeycutts on Wednesday night, December 18th, after a lingering illness. —Nellie Moore, colored, the oldest person in Sampson county, died on Friday night, December 20th, at her home in the suburbs of Clinton. It is claimed that she was 104 years of age.

— Charlotte *Observer*: Mr. John M. Bethune received a letter yesterday morning stating that his brother-in-law, Dr. McKinnon, died Saturday at his home at Chadbourne. Dr. McKinnon had been sick for some time, and his death at no time during the past month or so would have surprised his family. He was about 55 years of age and one of the leading citizens of his section.

— Greenville *Reflector*: Mr. McG. Holliday died at his home near Grimesland on Monday, after a long illness. He was a good citizen. —— Chas. A. Carter, who came over to Greenville last Fall with a view of locating on this market to buy tobacco and was unable to secure a factory, went back to Kinston, at which place he died last Saturday evening of malarial fever.

— Raleigh *Visitor*: Mr. T. B. Williams, aged 80 years, died at the Soldier's Home yesterday afternoon. Mr. Williams enlisted in Granville county, with Company E, of the Fifteenth Regiment. —— The North Carolina Teacher's Association has decided that in future it will have only a three days' session. Its officers will visit several places to select a place for its annual meeting next June. It has added about $6,000 and owns property at Morehead which cost $6,500.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: John Hume, salesman in a mercantile store, died in Winston, Tuesday night. He drank an over-dose of morphine yesterday afternoon, for the purpose, it is believed, of committing suicide. Physicians used sponges, connected with an electric battery, all day hoping to save him. Hume is unmarried, 63 years old and came to Winston eight years ago from Richmond, Va. —— News was received here to-day of the death of A. J. Bruce, Yadkin county's wealthiest citizen. He was never married. His estate is worth $50,000.

TWINKLINGS.

— Whyte—Can you break a twenty for me, Brown?

Browne—If I could I should break a record.—*Somerville Journal.*

— Pat—Hello, Mike, Oi hear yez have a noo job?

Mike—Shure I have, Pat.

Pat—And how are they all up yure way?

Mike—Everybody's sick.

Pat—Aye, aye! That's too bad mar!

Mike—Oh, no: I'm workin' at Bellevue.—*Harper's Bazar.*

— Some one told a girl in town recently that she had a good profile, and a photographer has made $7 on her since.—*Atchison Globe.*

— Watts—"Do you understand French?"

Potts—"I do, when I speak it myself."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Teacher—Now, Jimmy, what do we learn from the Monroe doctrine?

Jimmy—That the other fellow is wrong.—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

— Mrs. Suburb—I thought you said it was the little boy next door who was making all the noise?

Little Johnnie—So it was, ma. I was hitting him with a stick."

— Bacon—"Let me shake your hand, dear boy; this is one of the happy days of your life."

Egbert—"You're to previous, old man; I'm not to be married until tomorrow."

"That's what I say. This is one of the happy days of your life."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

A FIN DE SIECLE INCIDENT.

What an Observer Witnessed in the Gay French Capital.

It happened thus: One beautiful morning in Paris I was sitting on a bench in the Cour de Renne thinking about this yearly sacrament of spring which nature offers to her devotees, when my attention was suddenly attracted to my neighbor on the opposite end of the bench. He was an elderly man of striking appearance. His features all bore that unmistakable stamp that is evolved from lines of long descent. His deep brown eyes were all the brighter from their setting under the high pale brow and white eyebrows. There was an atmosphere about monsieur that set the wheels in my imagination going. His clothes were scrupulously neat, but there was a telltale shine about the seams and collar that did not bespeak an unlimited bank account. Nevertheless he bore about him that air of good breeding and old school courtesy that the wealth of the Indies cannot buy. Fancy began to weave her web about him. The "bouton rouge" in his buttonhole and the Legion of Honor cross told their tale as well as gave a bit of color to the dark coat. Thrown carelessly about his shoulders was the circularlike cloak so much worn in Paris and Italy, and at his feet was a good sized traveling bag. Yes, I thought, in spite of one's talents, one may not be clever enough to become a Croesus, and here is evidently a case in point, for intellect and brilliant thought had drawn their unmistakable lines on that fine countenance, and yet success was not stamped there, but disappointment rather and regret. This analysis became so interesting to me that I longed to know the man's life history.

In the midst of my reveries I heard the sound of the trumpet and roll of the drum. There was a general stir about us among the workmen who were repairing the wooden pavement of the Cour de Renne. The music came nearer, and the measured tramp of marching feet announced the approach of the "Garde Republicaine" down the Champs Elysees. Small boys ran, the workmen flew, and monsieur and I remained alone in our glory, both wrapped in the depths of thought. Suddenly he got up quickly, gave me one searching glance, apparently convinced himself that I was far away in the land of Nod, seized his traveling bag, unlocked it, walked rapidly to the pile of old wooden blocks that the workmen had thrown aside and began to pack his bag full of them with method and precision. When it was quite full, he looked it, gave it a shake down, straightened himself as if in command of a regiment, marched back to the bench and fell into the same pose that had so interested me. Had I dreamed? Had he moved? Was it possible that sharp necessity had reduced my half hour hero to this point? Yet there was the bag with its suspicious hard angles that bespoke not a change of fine linen. This little chapter of incidents had all been so rapidly accomplished, telling of that training that develops an eye to the main chance even in the lapse of a few moments. The tramp of the marching feet grew faint; the music died away; workmen, loiterers, small boys and nursemaids came back to the cool blue shadows under the trees. Monsieur stretched himself, pulled his mantle about him, picked up his heavy traveling bag and walked off briskly as if bound for the "Gare St. Lazaro" to take the first train for a summer outing.

For me the curtain had been lifted for a moment, and a pathetic picture revealed of a brave soul struggling single handed against those mighty legions, supply and demand. I never saw monsieur but once again, and then he had his nose pressed close against one of the great windows filled with books of the large publishing house of Hachette & Cie. He was taking homeopathic doses of the fin de siecle literature with a relish that shut out the bustle of the busy world about him.—New York Home Journal.

Bequests of Hearts.

Bequests of hearts have been by no means uncommon. Richard Cœur de Lion bequeathed his heart to the canons of Rouen cathedral, and in July, 1888, this remarkable relic was once again brought to light after the lapse of six centuries. The heart, which is said to have been surprisingly large, was inclosed in boxes of lead and silver and withered, as it was described, to the semblance of a faded leaf.

Bruce's heart was by his dying wish intrusted to Douglas to fulfill a vow which he had been unable to execute in person, of visiting the sepulcher of Christ. Douglas, "tender and true," promised to fulfill his sovereign's last request, and after Bruce's death, having received the heart incased in a casket of gold, set forth upon his mission. Proceeding to Spain, however, he fell in the thick of a fight with the Moors, having previous to his final charge cast the heart of Bruce from his breast, when he carried it into the ranks of the infidels, crying, "Onward as thou wert wont; Douglas will follow thee!" Bruce's heart was afterward recovered by Sir Simon Lockhart, by whom it was brought to Scotland and buried along with the bones of Douglas in the abbey of Melrose. When the remains of Bruce were disinterred at Dunferline in 1819, the breastbone was found sawn through so as to permit of the removal of the heart.—Temple Bar.

When the Negro Was Created.

The Mexican Indians, as well as those of most of the Central American republics, have a superstition to the effect that the negro was made before either the white man or the Indian or even before the sun was created. They account for his color by declaring that he was made and dried in the dark. Their own race, they say, was made in the morning of the first day between daylight and sun up. On this account they delight in a term which they apply to each other and which signifies "dawn people." The white man, "who fears darkness and cannot stand heat," was made, according to their belief, at noon on the first day of creation.—St. Louis Republic.

Let the memory of those oversights by which we have suffered instruct us, for though past moments cannot be recalled past errors may be repeated.—A. de Musset.

HARDY WILD PONIES.

HOW THEY ARE CAPTURED AND TAMED ON SABLE ISLAND.

The Little Animals Are Toughened by the Severity of the Winters and Their Struggle to Procure Food—A Master Stallion Leads Each Gang.

Nature has thickened the coats of the wild ponies of Sable island and given the hair on them almost a woolly tendency. During the summer they fatten on the succulent grasses, and the first half of the winter they fairly hold their own, but the cold northeast winds and snows of March and April, when the polar ice surrounds the island, drive them clustering under the lee of the sand dunes, where they stay till too weak and chilled to move about in search of the scanty nourishment.

A year ago, after a ten days' stormy, sleepy spell, no less than six dead animals were found huddled in a nook behind some sand hills. During the winter of 1894, 64 wild ponies died from exposure and natural causes. Of course where there are several hundred horses —or people—no matter how well cared for, there will be a number of deaths. So we cannot put the whole 64 deaths down to "exposure and starvation." That winter began with 400 wild ponies on the island, and it was what the staff there called a "hard winter."

The sand permeating their food causes the teeth to wear away rapidly, so that old age and inability to eat sufficient come upon them sooner than with horses on the mainland. Their battles also, which, though not frequent, are fierce, and at times to the death, tend to increase the percentage of mortality.

They go in gangs of from 5 to 25, according to circumstances. Each gang has a master stallion, who is patriarch, father, defender. It was my privilege last March, when visiting the island, to see 11 gangs in one day when Superintendent Boutilier drove with me from the extreme eastern bar to the main station. We came within 20 or 30 yards of several gangs, but they moved independently away as we approached.

Catching and shipping them is an important and, to all the staff, an exciting incident. I witnessed it from the lookout platform of No. 4 station in the early gray of an October morning. Superintendent Boutilier roused me at dawn with the words, "They are driving in the first gang," and in a few minutes I was hastening from the house, some 200 yards, to the "lookout," whence I saw dark objects moving over the easterly hillocks. Soon could be distinguished nine wild ponies racing hither and yon, but kept well together and trending west by aid of 19 men on horseback (native ponies that seemed to enjoy the fun as much as the men on their backs) behind them, with long whips and stentorious voices.

A corral 22 yards in diameter, strongly inclosed, with a branch fence, extending from one side some 75 yards, made it not unlike a fish trap or weir, into which by judicious driving and heading the gang was safely lodged, and the riders were off for another gang of 12, which the boss had located, and which in an hour, despite most desperate efforts to break away, were all safely corralled with the first gang.

Then immediately began a battle between the two patriarchs, which I witnessed. Teeth, forefeet and heels, mingled with very positive squeals, were vigorously used. After awhile the weaker stallion fled into the crowd, and the victor's manner indicated his importance and foreshadowed his apparent doom, for the remark was made, "We'd better get that big fellow out, as he might hurt some one." So he was soon lassoed, thrown down, a Bonaparte bridle put in his mouth and a line to one foot, and then let up to dash out of the corral through the gateway purposely opened, dragging two of the boys who guided him to the beach for shipment.

Let me give the details: Four or five men enter the corral, and the horses cluster to the opposite side. Then one man throws a noose around the neck of one, and two men pull that beast out of the gang as the herds circle round near the inclosing fence.

The difficulty of breathing soon causes temporary weakness, and the horse falls, or is pushed down, when one man seizes his head, another the tail, and one jumps on his body to keep him from floundering. The boss puts the loop of a line into the horse's mouth and round his lower jaw, then up over his head and down through the loop in his jaw, so that by pulling the line a double purchase is brought on the mouth. This is a bonaparte bridle.

Such a purchase at the mouth with a line on a hind foot held by experienced men renders it impossible for the animal to go elsewhere than to the beach. When there, two sailors, holding the ends of a line several fathoms long, walk around him, folding the rope about his legs. Then by tightening this leg rope and holding firm his other fastenings the horse quickly falls and is held down by head and tail, while his legs are tied together with manilla brought from the ship. A layer or two of this soft rope lies between the feet, so that struggling does not cause abrasion. Then, helpless, the monarch lies broadside on the soft sand. The bridle is removed, the leg line, and the boys larry back to the corral, a quarter of a mile away, for the fun of catching and bringing down another group.—Halifax Herald.

Repartee In the Menagerie.

"Did it ever occur to you," asked the Bactrian camel, "what an elegant shape you have for riding a wheel?"

"Did it ever occur to you," retorted the dromedary, to whom, it may be unnecessary to state, the previous question was addressed, "did it ever occur to you how well you would look on a tandem?"

And the two humped party to the foregoing discussion was forced to admit to himself that he rather got the worst of it.—Indianapolis Journal.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. †

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it Free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

The Aristocrats of Felons.

Before I had been many hours in Palma I discovered that sharp lines of demarkation are drawn between the upper and lower classes of the inhabitants. There still exists a tolerably unadulterated feudalism, a recognizable remnant of the ancient vassalage, with a broad impassable gap between the owner and the tiller of the soil, the senor and the occupier. The pride of family, which used to be carried to a ridiculous point, is in these days but slowly giving place to modern influences and is still hardly inferior to that of MacDermot, prince of Coolavin, who objected to his lowly born wife sitting to eat at the same table with him.

At the present moment there are no fewer than three dozen members of the Spanish peerage who draw their titles from the Baleares. The nine solars or barons who fought with Don Jaime at the siege of Palma founded families that are still flourishing like petty sovereigns as a separate class from the rest of the nobility, and only in rare and recent instances have they taken wives or husbands from beyond their own "set." They regard themselves with far greater veneration than that with which they are looked upon by the classes whom they despise.

They are known commonly as Butifarras, literally a "large sausage"—a term used in a sense corresponding to our slang, "bloated swell." Beneath the ennobled class comes the commercial body, under whom in gradation are the farmers, the farm laborers, who retain certain Arabic characteristics, shopkeepers, artisans and—longo intervallo—the Chuetas, long eared owls, a name of contempt given to the descendants of Jews who are now Christians, but still live apart from the rest of the community in a separate quarter.—Chambers' Journal.

The Heart and Bicycle Riders.

There is not a cycle rider of any age in whom the heart is not influenced so as to do more work, and although in skilled cyclists and trained cyclists a certain balance is set up which equalizes the motion such riders are not exempt from danger. I have known the beats of the heart to rise from 80 to 200 in the minute, in the first exercise of riding, an increase which, for the time, more than doubles the amount of work done—a very serious fact when we remember that the extreme natural motion of the heart allows it to perform a task equal to raising not less than 122 foot tons in the course of 24 hours—that is to say, over 5 foot tons an hour.

In the young we may apply the same argument to the heart as we have done to the skeleton. The heart is undergoing its development, and it is an organ which cannot without danger be whipped beyond its natural pace. What occurs with it under such circumstances is that it grows larger than it ought to grow; that it works out of harmony with the rest of the body and is then most easily agitated by influences and impressions acting upon it through the mind. I have many times seen this truth illustrated too plainly, and I doubt whether in the young, after extreme exercise, such as that which arises from a prolonged race, the heart ever comes down to its natural beat for a period of less than three days devoted to repose.—Sir Benjamin Ward Richardson, M. D., in North American Review.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2¼ Jute	@	5¼
Standard	7½@	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ₩ lb	13½@	14
Sides ₩ lb	7½@	7½
Shoulders ₩ lb	6 @	6½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ₩ lb	5½@	5
Shoulders ₩ lb	5½@	4¾
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00 @	1 10
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb	26 @	27
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50 @	7 00
Virginia	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15	
Northern	22 @	
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	@	42½
Virginia Meal	43½@	45
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle	@	85
CANDLES—₩ lb—		
Sperm	10 @	25
Adamantine	9 @	10
CHEESE—₩ lb—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	13
State	@	10
COFFEE—₩ lb—	27 @	29
Laguyra	20 @	23
Rio	18½@	20
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	7¾ @	8½
Yarns, ₩ bunch	1 @	2
EGGS—₩ dozen	10 @	12½
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25 @	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	5 00 @	5 50
N. C. Roe Herring ₩ keg	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5 @	10
Extra	3 25 @	3 50
FLOUR—₩ barrel—		
Low grade	@	3 00
Choice	2 75 @	3 00
Straight	3 75 @	3 85
Fine Patent	@	4 25
GLUE—₩ lb	8½@	10
GRAIN—₩ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	40 @	45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	47 @	49
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	47½@	49½
Oats, from store	32½@	35
Oats, Rust Proof	40 @	45
Cow Peas	90 @	95
HIDES, ₩ lb—		
Green	@	6
Dry	@	8
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—		
Eastern	@	1 00
Western	@	90
North River	@	85
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2 @	2½
LARD, ₩ lb—		
Northern	8½@	9@
North Carolina	8 @	10
LIME, ₩ barrel		1 25
LUMBER(Rcity sawed) ₩ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	22
" " in bbls	@	22
Porto Rico, in hhds	@	37½
" in bbls	@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	@	14
" in bbls	@	16
Syrup, in bbls	@	26
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 6d basis	@	2 30
PORK, ₩ barrel—		
City Mess	10 00 @	10 50
Rump	@	10 00
Prime	@	10 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10 @	22
SALT, ₩ sack, Alum	@	75
Liverpool	@	65
Labour	@	55
Asiatic	@	45
56 lbs ₩ Sacks	40 @	45
SHINGLES 7-inch, ₩ M	5 00 @	7 00
Common	3 00 @	3 50
Cypress Saps	4 50 @	5 00
Cypress Hearts	@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Granu'd	4½@	4¾
Standard A	@	4¾
White Ex. C	@	4½
Extra C, Golden	4 @	4¼
C, Yellow	@	3½
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½@	4
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00 @	14
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	7 @	9 00
Mill, Prime	00 @	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	4 50
Common Mill	5 00 @	5 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00 @	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb—	5 @	6
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	1
North Carolina	1 00 @	1
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14 @	
Clear of burrs, unwashed	10½@	
Burry	@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 2.

NAVAL STORES.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Steady at 27 cents per gallon for country and 27½ cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN.—Market steady at $1 80 per bbl for Strained and $1 85 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at 90 cents per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1 40 for Hard, $1 80 for Yellow Dip and Virgin. Sales at quotations.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 24¾c; rosin, strained, $0.95; good strained $1 00, tar $0.95; crude turpentine $1 10, 1 50, 1 60.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	99
Rosin	280
Tar	195
Crude Turpentine	19
Receipts same day last year	47

casks spirits turpentine, 135 bbls rosin, 32 bbls tar, 19 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Firm. Quotations:

Ordinary	5¾	cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	6¾	" "
Low Middling	7 5-16	" "
Middling	7¾	" "
Good Middling	8 1-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 5c.

Receipts—53 bales; same day last year 106.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, January 2—Evening—Money on call was active at 6@10 per cent; last loan at 5¼ and closing offered at 5 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange was firm; actual business in bankers' bills 487¼@487¾ for sixty days and 489@489¼ for demand. Commercial bills 486¾@487. Government bonds easy; United States coupon fours 109; United States twos 96. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 104 exasked. North Carolina sixes 124. Railroad bonds were firm.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was neglected.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, January 2—Evening—Cotton quiet; middling gulf 8 9-16c; middling 8 5-16c.

Cotton futures closed quiet but steady; January 7 98, February 8 10, March 8 18, April 8 33, May 8 39, June 8 33, July 8 36, August 8 38, September 8 20, October 8 01, November 7 96. Sales 220,900 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 1,119 bales; gross 2 286 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent —— bales; forwarded 352 bales; sales 7,515 bales, sales to spinners 115 bales; stock (actual) 193,953 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 13,524 bales; exports to Great Britain 7,030 bales, to France —— bales, to the Continent 15,748 bales; stock 1,058,239 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 147,816 bales; exports to Great Britain 59,434 bales; to France 14,110 bales; to the Continent 67,409 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 3,478,734 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,005,

Children Cry FOR PITCHER'S Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER

has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

POZZONI'S

is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

feb 4 1y

Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading—Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted Muscles,
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Eruptions,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw Worms,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Swinney,
Stings,	Backache,	Saddle Galls,
Bites,	Galls,	Piles.
Bruises,	Sores,	
Bunions,	Spavin Cracks.	
Corns,		

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

THE MALAGASY SOLDIERS' WAR SONG.

We soldiers of the Third volunteers
Go forward with confidence and courage
To serve Queen Ranavalomanjaka,
To obey a sovereign who is wise and good,
To defend the fatherland, which is sweet and beloved,
To hold the independence of this kingdom,
To sing loudly our war song, which says,
"We would rather die than not conquer."

Proving fidelity with might and with life,
Yielding our bodies as a wall of defense,
Presenting our strength as a shield for protection.
The distant and the difficult our glory shall be,
Wounds in the war our medals to wear,
The uplifted flag our memorial for aye.
We who are here are ready for all that.

We volunteer soldiers have a fixed time,
Are ready and sufficient for what is designed.
If any go astray for what is wrong and unwise,
They can never true soldiers become.
Each pledges his honor to the agreement that's made
And drinks the "I would far rather die."
We are men and trust what is finished and done
And gladly present our allegiance true.

We are Malagasy born.
What is seen is not feared. What is to come gives no tremor.
Blood and life spilt are our charms
And the more set ablaze our courage as fire.
The difficult and bitter make us more manly.
To refuse we can never while breath in us lasts.
With devotion here we yield ourselves, saying:
"We are soldiers ourselves, and our generals are honored."
Is it not so, O ye army? —New York Sun.

SWANLEE'S GIRL.

Two men were riding tired horses down an ill defined trail through North Carolina woods. The one was a New Yorker—keen, alert, dark haired and chronically one day behind with his shaving. His companion, who rode with difficulty his rough gaited Kentucky mare, was obtrusively British. Everything, from his deer stalker cap to his yellow pigskin gaiters, with their buttons down the shin, betrayed him for a recent importation from the islands beyond the sea. They were not friends—scarcely acquaintances. They had foregathered some few miles back at crossroads, and finding that they were heading in the same direction had jogged along in company.

For the past hour the multitude of trails had bothered them much, and there had been a good deal of toss up in their choice, and at last neither had any further ideas to offer about the route, and there was no question but that they were most satisfactorily lost. The last blue of the sky was turning to a cooler purple, and a couple of tree toads were already commencing the overture to their nightly opera.

"Say," remarked the American, "have you ever ridden down a strange trail of this sort after nightfall?"

"Can't say that I have."

"Then, sir, you've an experience in store which won't be all molasses. You wait till the trees begin to sneak up and hit you on the kneecap. Then you'll—Great Co-lumbus! See that?"

"What—these green shrubs?"

"Corn, siree. Indian corn, you call it 'way back in the old country. And here we are. A nigger cabin, I guess. 'Tain't good enough for a Tar Heeler's shanty."

They wheeled round the edge of the corn patch, their horses picking a way cautiously over the outshooting roots of the timber, and pulled up before a small frame house. As though their arrival had been expected, the rough door swung open and a man stepped out and faced them. He was an old man and heavily bearded. He stood quite four inches above the fathom in his boots, and in the hollow of his left arm he carried a weapon, single barreled and hammerless.

He pointed to this and introduced it.

"Gentlemen," he said, "this is about the latest—Rawnsley's ten fire repeating shotgun. The first of you that lifts a hand toward the sly pocket of his pants will get a hole let into him that a yoke of steers could drive through. If you want to stay, you've got to fight it out."

He of the yellow gaiters laughed.

"What quaint people you Americans are," he said. "Why the devil you should threaten war in this unexpected fashion I can't imagine."

"Ho! You're a Britisher?"

"English—quite English."

"And your companion, isn't he an exciseman either?"

The Englishman shrugged his shoulders, and the New Yorker answered for himself.

"S. T. Vanrennan, real estate agent, Irving place, Noo York city. Stick to my own trade, colonel, and shouldn't know what a blockade still was if I was shown one."

For a moment the old man seemed inclined to resent this last remark, but only for a moment. Then southern hospitality asserted itself.

"Well, gentlemen," he said, "how can I serve you?"

"By putting us on the road for Asheville."

"I could not do it. Asheville's good 30 miles beyond this, and the trail's far too bad for strangers to follow in the dark. You must bunk with me, gentlemen, this night."

There was a little more talk, and then the horses were led round to a barn at the back, unsaddled, rubbed down roughly and presented with six corncobs apiece, after which the two adjourned to the cabin, supped off heavy corn bread, strong flavored bacon and raw, biting, smoky corn whisky. After the meal the Yankee, pleading tiredness, retired to the far room and slept. The Briton, who was traveling in the mountains to pick up character, was glad enough to sit up with his host and talk beside the smelly kerosene lamp over granulated tobacco and corncob pipes.

Their conversation was, on the whole, desultory. Only twice was it interrupted. On these occasions footsteps made themselves heard on the hard, red ground outside, and then, after a pause, a silver half dollar rolled in under the door. The old man pocketed the coin, lifted the latch, and, reaching a hand out into the darkness, brought in a quart bottle, which he proceeded to fill from a keg that wafted through the hut a strong smell of smoky spirit. Afterward he thrust out the bottle into the night, and the heavy footsteps recommenced and died out in diminuendo.

On the first occasion the old man commented to his guest: "Say, sir, you're what they call in the mountains a tenderfoot; but, from the face of you, you seem straight. Please remember you've seen nothing."

"I'm under the tie of bread and salt," said the Englishman. "You needn't fear me." And he fell to talking about the game in the woods.

When the Englishman awoke next morning, he found that his traveling companion had already departed.

"I didn't press him to stay," said the old man, "but I hope you will honor me with a longer visit. My name is Colonel Swanlee, which you may have seen mentioned in accounts of the war, and once I had a 40 room house here and close on 200 niggers working on a fine estate. The house and the niggers are gone, and the estate has run back for the most part into forest. You know the war ruined most of us southern gentlemen, and our lands were bought up by pork packers and successful drummers and Yankee trash generally. I've been luckier than some. I haven't sold a rod of ground. I've been spared seeing filthy railroads plow through my land, and I've some other mercies to be thankful for. That northerner was right when he hinted at my having a blockade still round here. I do run one. I know it's against the law, but the law—as laid down by Yankees—ruined me. Consequently I've but small respect for it, specially as now it's sized to suit all shades of color. Come, sir. You said last night you were in no hurry to get on. Will you stay awhile and rough it with me?"

The invitation was genuine, and the Englishman remained, and because the life was fresh and interesting to him, and because old man Swanlee was loath to let him go, he staid on till the weeks grew to over a month. There was much to occupy his time. Any one with a taste for scenery may gratify it to the full in the wooded mountains and valleys of the Alleghany country. Sometimes he took his horse and rode along the rough trails far afield—over the great Smokies and looked down on Tennessee. Sometimes he roamed through the second growth forest which had sprung up in tropical luxuriance over the once cleared land, occasionally shooting a wild turkey, or a hawk, or a flying squirrel, or whipping in two a small rattlesnake, but for the most part finding full enjoyment in admiring this gallery of pictures which nature by herself had painted.

Once indeed he visited the distillery in its weird hiding place under the waterfall and glanced curiously over the crude appliances with which the fiery corn whisky was produced. But that was only once, and indeed the still was seldom referred to. In the evening, when they sat together under the wooden piazza, the Englishman and his host either rocked or smoked in silence, looking into the warm southern night and listening to its myriad insect noises, or else the old man would talk and unfold pictures of past southern splendor in the halcyon days "befo' the wa'." They seemed to be living then in an atmosphere of nearly half a century before, and at times the Englishman had hard work to bring himself back to the true realities.

But at last there came a breaking up of the pastoral, and it arrived in barbarous shape. The place was raided by the revenue men.

The visitor was away bee hunting in the woods when they arrived, but hastened back when the sound of heavy firing came down to him over the timber. He gained the hut, perhaps luckily, too late for interference, but the history of what had occurred was written out before him in ruddy lettering. Three officers of the excise lay twisted and dead on the red soil, shot down by that terrible ten fire repeater, which carried its charge like a heavy ball for the short distance. Farther out was Vanrennan, doubled up over a stump like a half filled meal sack. Flitting in and about the trees, still farther down the trail, were four saddled horses leisurely grazing.

There was no sign of old man Swanlee.

Had he run for the woods, or—

The newcomer rushed across the clearing and into the cabin. The Carolina planter, the Confederate colonel, the blockade distiller, the murderer, was stretched out on the floor, with blood oozing into pools around him. The Englishman shuddered and bent down for examination. An ear shredded through by one bullet, temple grazed by another; left elbow shattered by a third. None of these were mortal; none could cause this prostration. Ah, there was a worse wound, in the groin, that meant death!

Under the impromptu surgery the old man woke up.

"That blasted Yankee Vanrennan! Says I shot his father at Seven Pines when I was skirmishing for Lee outside Richmond. Very likely. I know the orders were to take no prisoners. It was all in the way of business. And then, by way of dirty vengeance, he brings the excise about my ears. No southern gentleman would have done that—none but a mongrel Dutch Yankee. However, he's got his gruel, and so have the revenue men, and I'm dying. Hello, who are you?"

Old man Swanlee gripped his gun again and started up full of fight.

"Oh, it's you, sir, is it? I ask your pardon, I'm sure," he said, bowing with old fashioned courtesy, "but this little domestic trouble must be my excuse. Those fellows have pumped lead into me till I've been a trifle thrust off my balance. Thanks! If you would assist me on to the floor again and bring the corner of that box under my head."

He rested a minute to collect his thoughts, and then went on afresh.

"Now, Mr.—I've forgotten your name—circumstances compel me to ask you an intense favor. I've had good comrades, and I've had stanch friends, but some were shot in the war, and some have died since, and the rest are scattered I know not where. There isn't a soul within riding distance, except Tar Heelers, and I'd almost as soon trust my little girl to a nigger as one of them."

"Your daughter is it that you're speaking about?"

"That's so. I haven't mentioned her before. I don't let her have any truck with the lot down here, and didn't intend to until the place was ready to receive her as she should be received—as my mother was received when she came upon the estate. Yes, sir, that's what I've been toiling and slaving for all these years, barely spending $1 in cash except a few cents an acre for taxes; holding on to the land with a miser's grip, while the forest stamped the snake fences out of sight brewing a vile spirit for the mountaineers around. No, sir, I've not sold moonlight whisky because I liked it, or hugged my balance at the banks merely to put myself back on the ancestral dunghill. I've done my crowing. But, sir, when my little girl was born in Richmond, during the siege, my wife made me promise before she died that, come what might, I'd see the child mistress of the house we'd been driven from here. My wife was a very proud woman, sir. Her family claimed descent from Pocahontas."

"But," objected the listener, "I don't see how this could be. Since slavery has been abolished"—

"One can't get the lazy brutes of negroes to work? Quite so. But I'd a scheme, sir, to remedy that. It would have been frightful gall to the Yankees, but it would have paid here all the same. I should have imported Chinese labor, and with that and a strong hand things would have been much the same as they were in the old days. But that scheme must be abandoned now. A man without previous experience, such as yourself, would never know how to handle such cattle. Would you kindly reach me that bottle out of the locker? I'm getting very faint. Thanks. I seldom patronize my own brew; but, whatever its demerits, it has strength. However, I haven't got much time left, and I must come to the point. America was no place for a southern girl after the war. With the niggers stirred up as they were, there was no telling what might happen to her. So I sent the child to a convent in Paris, and there she's remained ever since. But she's finished her education, and she's coming home right now—coming home to her inheritance. Yes, sir, the estate will be hers in an hour or so's time, and with it a matter of $50,000 that has come out of moonlight whisky. Now, sir, will you give a dying man a hand?"

"I will do anything that lies within my power."

"Then find out my daughter," came the astonishing reply, "and marry her."

Horror struck, the Englishman started to his feet. Did not this man realize that he was a murderer, still red handed?

"My God," said old man Swanlee, "you are not going to refuse me?" He stretched out a bony hand and caught at the other's gaiter. "Heavens, man, think what you are saying! Think what this means to me!"

The other turned away his head in despair.

"It is not much I am asking. She's beautiful. I had her photograph sent me only the other day. She's highly educated; she's well born; she's rich. What more can a young man want in a wife?"

"But," broke in the Englishman desperately, "I am not free. I met a girl in Paris awhile back and crossed with her here in the boat from Havre. Before we landed in New York she had promised to become my wife. I never could marry any one else. I—er—in short, I love her."

The old man's knotted hands wrestled with one another tremulously. "I see," he said at last, with a heavy sigh. "I should have liked it to have been, but what you say is final. Still, sir, you must do something else for me, if you will."

"Anything that lies within my power," exclaimed the other eagerly. "Believe me, anything."

"Then find out my daughter and act as her guardian. Give her my dying command to obey you in everything, and she will do it. See that she has her rights, guard her from adventurers, watch that she marries a good husband, a man that is worthy of her, one who will treat her well."

The old man's voice had died down almost to a whisper.

His companion stooped over him. "I will do all you ask," he said earnestly. "But you had better tell me now where I shall find Miss Swanlee."

"Thanks. You are very good. But I ought to have told you she is not bearing that name now. To avoid complications which arose after the war I made her take another, which she will carry till she comes back here. She was christened Miriam, after her mother, and"—

The old man's voice drooped.

"Yes, yes," said the Englishman impatiently, "but what was the surname?"

"Lee."

"What, Miriam Lee?"

"Yes, sir. Miriam Frances Lee."

"Just God—that is the girl to whom I am engaged!"

The Englishman reeled against the table, staring wildly at his host. Old Man Swanlee had ceased to live, but the angle of the hut propped him against falling. On his grim old face there was a curious look of satisfaction.—C. J. Cutliffe Hyne in Pall Mall Gazette.

MR. WM. GOAT—"I had a very narrow escape from death to-day, my dear. I ate one of those lawn mower signs and in process of digestion it cut me several times."

NANNY GOAT—"Gracious! William, you always were careless and imprudent in eating. What did you do for it?"

MR. WM. GOAT—"Just swallowed a **Pond's Extract** sign. You know **Pond's Extract** is the best thing for cuts and lacerations."

Avoid substitutes.

POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 Fifth Ave., New York.

aug 25 D&W su we f

LEA & PERRINS

Signature is printed in BLUE diagonally across the OUTSIDE wrapper Lea & Perrins **of every bottle of (the Original and Genuine) Worcestershire**

SAUCE

As a further protection against all imitations.

Agents for the United States,

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, N. Y.

oct 24 1y th

THE SUN

The first of American Newspapers

CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

The American Constitution, the American Idea, the American Spirit. These first, last and all the time, forever.

Daily, by Mail, ... $6 a year
Daily & Sunday by Mail, $8 a year.

The Sunday Sun,

is the Greatest Sunday Newspaper in the World.

Price 5c. a copy. by Mail, $2 a year.

Address THE SUN, NEW YOKR.

dec 14 f

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit,

At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office.

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and

Excellent for Placing Under Carpets

HALF PRICE!

ORIENTAL WARES

in every conceivable shape.

We had a thousand pieces when the season began. We have a hundred pieces now. They are worth the first price. Will you take them at a SACRIFICE? Remember that you take them at just HALF the marked price.

DOLLS.

Those pretty Dolls will be sold for half the marked price. These Dolls will not last long at these prices.

Lace Curtains.

CURTAINS THAT SOLD FOR

$7.00	this	week	$4.75
5.00	"	"	3.50
4.00	"	"	2.55
3.50	"	"	2.25
2.50	"	"	1.40
2.25	"	"	1.35
2.00	"	"	1.25
1.75	"	"	1.15
1.50	"	"	1.00

These are samples. Call early.

Mattings,

NEW MATTINGS.

Twenty-five pieces Matting just arrived. This lot of Mattings represent a portion of a large import order given by us during the Fall. Mattings are cheaper than last year. You can get a very good Matting for 12½c a yard. We have about 150 yards at that price, for which you have paid 16⅔c a yard. You must examine the line shown at 15c per yard, also at 20, 25 and 30c a yard.

SPECIAL PRICES ON

Carpet Departments.

Comforts, Blankets, Damask Portiers, Trunks.

Dress Goods.

Gloves, Underwear.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK!

No. 29 North Front St.

P. S.—On the 1st January BILLS will be rendered for all accounts on my Books, and I will appreciate an early settlement of same. Thanking the public for their generous patronage during the past year, I will make every effort to merit a continuance of same in the future.

dec 29 tf

THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT Co.

FINE FAMILY GROCERIES.

Assortment and Quality Unsurpassed.

Prices Based on Small Profits.

PROMPT DELIVERY OF GOODS.

THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT CO.,

15 and 17 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C. oct 6 tf

Telephone 14.

CALL ON US

For prices before placing orders for FANCY AND STAPLE

Groceries and Provisions.

A small lot MOUNTAIN BUTTER just received, just the thing for Christmas cook'ng. Good old N. C. HAMS.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

dec 21 D&W tf

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

BIG G. Cures in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

dec 27 1y fr su we

THE LATEST. THE GREATEST

Ninth Edition.

Encyclopædia Britannica.

Not Condensed

Not Revised,

Not Mutilated.

—BUT—

The Great And Only

Encyclopædia Britannica.

Complete in 25 Volumes

The Encyclopædia Britannica is not only a complete compendium of all knowledge, but it is a dictionary of biography, a record of inventions, a history of discoveries, a calendar of dates, a registry of events, a glossary of technical and scientific terms, a collection of mathematical, chemical, and mechanical formulas, a handbook of law, a medical guide.

Best Atlas in the World.

The most thorough and reliable key to business knowledge, a manual of games, sports and amusements, a theranus of statistics, a history of all countries and people, a storehouse of criticism, a treasury of curious learning, a vade mecum for the household and farm, as for the office and library, a repertory of useful information. If the professional or the business man should undertake to put upon his library shelves the special treaties, which would cover as wide a range of topics as those gathered in the Britannica, relating to his own pursuits, his purchases would extend over scores of volumes, some of them rare and expensive, and many of them not brought down to date.

Of all the works of reference now in the market, the Encyclopædia Britannica is not only the most comprehensive, but by far the cheapest, even at

The STAR will for a short time furnish this great work in Cloth binding at $1.60 per volume; in full sheep at $2.20 per volume, and will deliver the whole set upon payment of $5 cash, giving you long time to pay the balance.

The purchase of any Encyclopædia short of the best is not only bad judgment, but worse economy. The STAR will furnish you this, the greatest literary production of the century, at one-third the former price and on terms so accommodating that none need deny themselves the great advantage of owning this mine of information. Remember that the present is the only time we can call our own. We reserve the privilege of withdrawing this offer at any time. It is made as a favor to the STAR'S readers, and for the purpose of increasing our circulation. You are invited to call and examine the books, or send us your address for further particulars. Out of town subscribers can order by mail, and the books will be sent prepaid.

The Original Price of $8 Per Volume.

Heretofore this work could be obtained only at a great cost—from $125 to $200. It is now, for the first time, placed within reach of the masses. A saving of only 15 cents a day gives you this never-failing fountain of knowledge. Is it not worth such a slight effort to obtain it?

The Star Britannica Department,

9 and 11 Princess Street, Wilmington, N. C.

MAXTON BUILDING

—AND—

LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

J. D. Croom, Maxton.
J. S. McRae, Maxton.
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.
J. H. Morrison, Lumberton.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 Cents per Share. Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 Cents per Share.

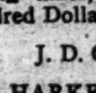
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.

W. B. HARKER, Secretary.

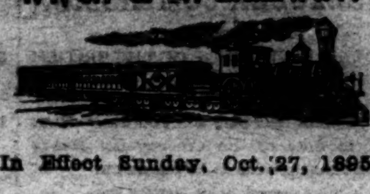
June 8 1m

D. O'Connor,



REAL ESTATE AGENT, Wilmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on imp d city real estate. ap ly t

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, Oct. 27, 1895

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND 8	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND 7
P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M
3 00	Lv.. Mulberry street..Ar	12 40
3 58	Lv..Jacksonville......Lv	10 42
4 30	Lv..Maysville.........Lv	10 09
4 44	Lv..Pollocksville.....Lv	9 55
5 8	Ar..Newbern...........Lv	9 20
P M		A M

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Connection with Steamers at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday.

Steamer Geo D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

H. A. WHITING, General Manage

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager oct 27 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOV. 17, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.20 A M No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.47 a m, Warsaw 11.01 a m, Goldsboro 11.56 a m, Wilson 12.40 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.36 p m, Weldon 3.32 p m, Petersburg 5.29 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.28 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 a m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.29 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.48 p m, Columbia 10.10 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.13 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7 55 a m, St. Augustine 10.15 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.00 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.52 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 10.00 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.03 p m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12 09 a m, Baltimore 2 25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 p m, leave Wilson 6 20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 8.03 a m, Magnolia 8.15 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 a m No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.20 a m, Sanford 1.00 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.13 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 3.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.48 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.18 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7 45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 10 a m returning leaves Tarboro 4 30 p m; Parmele 6.20 p. m. arrives Washington 7.45 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m.; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 55 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C.; 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.10 a m and 8.05 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 3.00 p m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 11 20 a m and 7 15 p m. Lucknow 1 00 p m, and 8 15 p m; returning leave Lucknow 6 30 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Elliott 8 00 a m and 3 30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8 40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 12 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6 02 p m, arrives Dillon 6.21 p m, Latta 6.34 p m, Pee Dee 6.57 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Clio 8 05 p m, returning leave Clio 6 10 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.20 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.15 a m, 8.45 a m, *8.50 a m, 7 35 p m, arrive Darlington 8.55 a m, 9.20 a m, *9.20 a m, 8 p m, Hartsville *10 a m and 8.50 p m, Bennettsville 8 54 p m, Gibson 9 20 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m. Returning leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Gibson 5 47 a m, Bennettsville 6 16 a m, Hartsville 6.30 a m, †6 45 a m, Darlington 7.20 a m, †7 30 p m, 4.30 p m, 6.05 p m, arrive Florence 7.55 a m, †7.55 a m, 5 p m, 6 45 p m. †Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.21 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11 18 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4 30 p m, 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.02 p m, returning leave Rowland 9 31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.32 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.35 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †7 25 a m, arrives Sumter †8 55 a m. Leave Sumter †10 a m, arrives Pregnalls †5 40 p m. Leaves Sumter 4 33 a m, arrives Denmark 6 20 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4 17 p m, arrive Sumter 6 05 p m. Leaves Pregnalls †8 50 a m, arrives Sumter †3 05 p m. Leaves Sumter †6 25 p m, arrives Darlington †7 15 p m.

†Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON,
Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. nov 20 tf

The Times

(PHILADELPHIA) THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES—Is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspapers published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

THE TIMES—Aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent free to any one sending their address.

TERMS—DAILY, $3 00 per annum, $1.00 for four months, 30 cents per month; delivered by carriers for 6 cents per week. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages, 168 columns, elegantly illustrated, $2.00 per annum, 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, $5 00 per annum, 50 cents per month. Weekly edition, 50 cents per annum.

Address all letters to THE TIMES.

Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

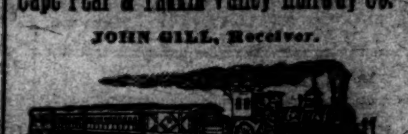
Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

Telephone 162. jan 25 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT DEC. 8, 1895.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
7 55 p. m.	Ar...Wilmington...Lve	7 35 a. m
4 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville...Ar	10 35 a m
4 33 "	Ar .. Fayetteville... Lv	12 55 "
4 30 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	10 57 "
3 19 "	Lv .... Sanford Lv	12 19 p. m
1 32 a m	Lv......Climax......Lv	2 25 "
1 03 "	Lv....Greensboro... Ar	2 56 "
12 58 "	Ar....Greensboro....Lv	3 05 "
12 12 a m	Lv....Stokesdale.... Lv	3 59 "
11 45 "	Lv...Walnut Cove... Ar	4 31 "
11 35 "	Ar..Walnut Cove...Lv	4 38 "
11 05 "	Lv....Rural Hall...Lv	5 11 "
9 35 "	Lv......Mt Airy.....Ar	6 45 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	8 23 a. m.
6 12 "	Lv......Maxton.....Ar	9 23 "
5 42 "	Lv...Red Springs....Lv	9 55 "
4 58 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	10 35 "
4 38 "	Lv....Fayetteville...Ar	10 52

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
5 50 p m	Ar..... Ramseur.....Lv	6 45 a.
3 55 "	Lv ..... Climax Lv	8 35 "
3 10 "	Lv ... Greensboro. .. Ar	9 30 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 11 MIXED, daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	10 50 "
Arrive Madison	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 12 MIXED, daily ex su
Leave Madison	12 15 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 28 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 35 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R., for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

W. E. KYLE,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY,
Gen'l Manager.

dec 8 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R. R.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. May 5, 1895.	No 41 Daily	No. 35 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No403 Daily
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Leave Wilmington	3 20	7 45	
		A. M.	
Leave Maxton	6 12	12 45	
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 05	
Leave Hamlet	7 05	3 50	7 54
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4 40	8 08
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 50	8 49
Leave Monroe	9 30	6 30	9 13
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 42
Leave Charlotte			10 42
Leave Lincolnton			12 05
			P. M.
Leave Shelby			1 50
Arr Rutherfordton			2 30

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 26 Daily Ex Sun'y	No402 Daily
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lve Rutherfordton			4 25
Leave Shelby			5 58
Leave Lincolnton			6 55
Arrive Charlotte			8 20
Leave Charlotte	8 20	8 50	8 20
Arrive Monroe	6 00	10 45	9 10
Leave Monroe	6 20	11 05	9 15
Leave Wadesboro	7 18	12 43	9 54
		A. M.	
Arrive Hamlet	8 08	2 05	10 34
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30	
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 30	
	P. M.		
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	8 05	

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.26 a m	11.35 a m
Leave Raleigh	5 26 a m	3.80 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12 30 p m	8.05 p m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5 20 a m	4 09 p m
Leave Atlanta	8.45 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8 05 a m

Sleepers on 35 and 38 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 35 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 35 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern, Western and Northwestern points

Close connection by 35 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway, at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgage, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

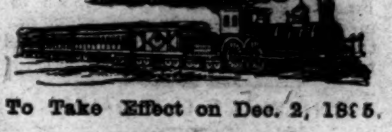
For information as to rates, schedules, &c, apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L, Wilmington, N.C.

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

E. St. JOHN, Vice-President.

JNO. H. WINDER Gen'l Mgr. jan 20 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.



To Take Effect on Dec. 2, 1895.

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C.	5.20 p. m.
Leave Kollock Station	5.50 p. m
Leave Osborne, N. C.	6.20 p. m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.	6.40 p m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C.	8.40 a m
Arrive Osborne, N. C.	9.00 a m
Leave Kollock Station	9.30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S.C.	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

dec 7 tf WM. MONCURE, Supt.

The Clyde Steamship Co,

New York, Wilmington, N. C

AND

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

GEO. W. CLYDE,	Saturday,	Jan. 4
CROATAN,	Saturday,	Jan. 11

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN,	Saturday,	Jan. 4
GEO. W. CLYDE,	Saturday,	Jan. 11

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

GEO. W. CLYDE,	Tuesday,	Jan. 7
CROATAN,	Tuesday,	Jan. 14

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.

WM. P. CLYDE & CO. General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. jan 3 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JAN. 3, 1896

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 2.—The *Sun* says: Cotton rose eight points, then reacted and closed quiet and steady at a decline of two to three points, with sales of 220,200 bales. Liverpool advanced five and a half points for futures, then reacted and closed very steady at a net advance of three and a half to four points. Spot cotton there advanced 1-16d., with sales of 12,000 bales.

To-day's features: An upward turn of prices in the early business was due to favorable foreign news in the shape of activity and higher prices in Liverpool and bullish Manchester advices, local covering and some buying for Southern and Liverpool account. Some of the private Liverpool cables were quite bullish owing to a reported improvement in the political outlook on the other side. But later on Liverpool reacted and the receipts at New Orleans to-morrow being estimated at rather liberal figures, a selling movement set in which carried prices slightly below the final figures of Tuesday. Yet the undertone at the close was steady, for the receipts were light, the demand for the actual cotton here and in Europe was liberal, spot prices at some Southern markets were higher, and the improved tone of the stock market, the general belief that a big bond issue has been decided upon, and rumors that $4,000,000 gold will be shipped from London to New York this week, all tended to encourage the bulls. The quantity to be brought into sight this week was at one time estimated at 240,000 bales, but it is now estimated at about 190,000, against 278,000 for the same week last year. For the current week in 1892-93 there was no decrease in the stock, but this week there is likely to be a falling off of about 15,000 bales. It will be remembered that in 1892-93 the crop was 6,717,000 bales.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Weak and Lower—Corn Dull and Declining—Pork Product Firm and Higher.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—Wheat started in the new year by declining about a cent. The loss is in accord with the Board of Trade tradition, which says that on the 2nd of January wheat should be sold. The weakness of Tuesday's curb arising from Bradstreet's report on the world's visible supply was responsible for lower opening quotations. May wheat opened from 59¼@59⅝c. sold between 59⅜ and 58½c, closing at 58⅝c—1@1¼c lower than Tuesday. Cash wheat was steady.

The trade in corn was slow and without manifestation of feature or importance. It simply followed the movements of wheat, but did not cover a wide range of prices. The regular routine news of the day was unfavorable, May corn opened at 28 to 28¼c., sold between 28¼c. and 27⅞c., closing at 27⅞ to 28c.—¼c. under Tuesday. Cash corn was ⅛ to ¼c. per bushel lower.

May oats closed ⅛ to ¼c. lower than Tuesday. Cash oats were steady at unchanged prices.

The expectations of improvement in product values were realized to some extent to-day. The first of the year was looked forward to as the time when the course of the market would change and the action of prices to day seemed to verify the accuracy of predictions. The run of hogs was light and prices at the yards were firm. This was one reason for improvement in provisions. There was a good demand and less of a disposition to go "short" of the market. The cash market was steady.

HOUSE BOND BILL

Considered by the Senate Finance Committee—No Conclusion Reached.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The Senate Finance Committee met to-day at 10.30 and adjourned at 12.30, until 8 p. m. to-morrow, without having taken a vote upon anything. The House Bond bill was the only matter under consideration. When the committee adjourned the Republican members remained in consultation, while the Democrats, accompanied by Senator Jones, of Nevada, went to the room of Senator Harriss and held a conference.

This latter meeting was intended to be a conference of the silver men. It was apparent in full committee that no conclusion could be reached that did not contemplate the free coinage of silver, and the silver men suggested that Mr. Jones of Arkansas be designated as a sub-committee to prepare a bill that should be submitted to the full comittee to-morrow.

Mr. Jones this afternoon made the statement on behalf of the silver men that the bill to be reported from the committee would provide for the free coinage of silver, and that no issue of bonds would be permitted. He was not so positive about the issue of certificates of indebtedness authorized by the House bill to meet the deficiences, but was rather disposed to believe that the committee would report adversely thereon. The present intention of the Finance Committee is to adjourn to-morrow until Tuesday, upon which day the financial measure agreed upon will be reported to the Senate.

NEWS OF THE NAVY.

Movements of U. S. Warships—Tests of Automatic Machine Guns.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 2.—The Dolphin has sailed from Key West for Port Livington, Guatemala. The training ship Essex arrived yesterday at Yorktown from her winter cruise in the tropics. The Alert has sailed from Callao for Panama.

Commander E. T. Strong, U. S. N., has been ordered to the Brooklyn navy yard.

As a result of the recent tests of automatic machine guns of the same calibre as the navy small arm, the Naval Ordnance Bureau has ordered fifty of the guns submitted by the Colt Manufacturing Company. An opportunity will be given the manufacturers of the Nordenfeldt and Hotchkiss guns to submit their inventions for another test, after some alterations in their construction have been made.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 2.—Spirits turpentine quiet and unchanged. Rosin dull and unchanged.

CHARLESTON, January 2.—Spirits turpentine was steady at 26½c; receipts 19 casks. Rosin—good strained steady; receipts 276 barrels.

SAVANNAH, January 2.—Spirits turpentine quiet at 27½c for regulars; sales 5 casks; receipts 525 casks. Rosin—pales nominal; other grades firm; sales to-day of 1 500 barrels. Quotations were: A, B and C $1 15, D $1 20, E $1 30, F $1 40, G $1 45, H $1 50, I $1 65, K $1 80, M $2 20, N $2 70, window glass $2 90, water white $3 15.

A report is current on the Vienna Bourse that Russia has offered a gold loan of 80,000,000 roubles to the United States.

VENEZUELA COMMISSION

PROBABLE ATTITUDE OF THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT.

Government Officials of Venezuela Have Their Side of the Controversy Ready For Transmission to Washington.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 2.—The Venezuelan Minister promptly cabled his Government this morning of the boundary commission appointments and the names of its members. The Venezuelan officials in Carracas had already assumed that the commission would be authorized by Congress and had lost no time in preparing that country's side of the controversy for the commission's consideration. All their evidence has been complete for some years, but much depends on whether the commission will decide to visit Venezuela or to hold all the sessions in this country. President Crespo has notified Minister Andrade to inform him as soon as possible of the resolution of the commission on this point, that there may be no delay in submitting the Venezuelan case.

The documents are exceedingly voluminous and include a large number of valuable maps which must be sent to Washington if the commission conclude to sit here. All these documents are now in Carracas, but ready for immediate transmission. They could be presented to the State Department within ten days of the notification that they were required here.

Until that time the work of the commission must necessarily be altogether of a preliminary character. If the organization of the body is perfected as is now expected early next week, some time must elapse before the American Ministers at The Hague and Madrid could secure and transmit copies of Dutch and Spanish archives which are considered essential to an impartial adjudication of the existing claims. Venezuela is, however, prepared to furnish certified copies of all these documents that tend to prove her right to the disputed territory and perhaps Great Britain will consent to supply all others.

The probable attitude of the English Government towards the commission evokes the keenest curiosity. While it is the prevailing opinion that it will embrace the opportunity to state its side of the case, without agreeing to be bound by the findings, it is not believed that this can be done without considerable delay. It is understood that although the English have accumulated all possible evidence to support their claim to the entire Orinoco region, they had never expected to be compelled to produce it, and have not arranged it in such shape that it could be promptly submitted. It would not be surprising, therefore, in case Great Britain should take cognizance of the appointment of the American Commission, if a request should be received from Lord Salisbury asking for a sufficient delay to enable his Government to prepare its documentary proofs. In any event the actual discussion of the merits of the controversy can hardly commence inside of the next two weeks, and there is no possibility of a decision for several months if the investigation is to be made as thorough as contemplated.

The five members of the Venezuelan-British Guiana boundary commission have not yet formally notified the President of their acceptance, but Mr. Cleveland had received assurances before the appointments were announced that each of the gentlemen selected was willing to serve. It is learned that no formal tenders of places on the commission were made, but Justices Brewer and Alvey and Messrs. Coudert, White and Gilman were sounded as to their sentiments with regard to serving and the President was fully cognizant of their views. This possibly accounts for the technical denials made by two members of the commission as to the place having been "tendered" them. The selection of Prof. Gillman was largely determined by his prominence as a geographer. The fact that he has written a life of President Monroe, in which a chapter is devoted to the Monroe doctrine, was of secondary importance in connection with his appointment, as Prof. Gillman does not express any radical views on the subject. It is interesting to note that Prof. Gillman in his book on Monroe, takes the ground that the idea embodied in the famous doctrine did not originate with Canning, but was practically suggested many years before his time.

Chief Justice Fuller is largely responsible for the selection of Justice Brewer. The Chief Justice had several talks with the President and Secretary Olney on the subject, and it is not unlikely that his opinion also had weight in the appointment of Chief Justice Alvey.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—The *Westminster Gazette*, in an article on the subject of the appointment of the United States Venezuelan boundary commission, says: "Great Britain should treat the Venezuelan Commission with politeness and give them all possible informal assistance, though not admitting their jurisdiction and should not allow British officials to give evidence in their public capacity."

The *St. James Gazette* regrets the absence of ex-United States Ministers Lincoln and Phelps from the commission, but highly commends the appointment of Messrs. White and Gillman.

PALMETTO BREWING CO.

Injunction Issued—Application for a Receiver.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON Jan. 2.—Upon complaint and motion of stockholders in the Palmetto Brewing Company before Judge Bennett to-day, an injunction was issued restraining the officers from dealing with brewery property other than in the regular run of business. A receiver was asked for and Wednesday, January 8th, was appointed for a hearing in this matter. President J. H. Dorscher said to-night that the complainants represented only nineteen out of the 25 000 shares, and that he anticipated an amicable adjustment of differences before the matter came into Court. The trouble does not reflect upon the soundness of the company, but is, as the president says, "a friendly affair." The complaint alleges mismanagement.

ANOTHER SUIT

To Invalidate the Lease of the N. C. R. R. to the Southern Railway Company.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 2.—Another suit is instituted to invalidate the lease of the North Carolina Railway to the Southern Railway for ninety-nine years. This one is brought by Mr. and Mrs. Peter Cobb, of Guilford county, who are stockholders and is to annul the lease, the contention being that even if the North Carolina Railway Company had the power to lease its road it could only do so by the unanimous vote of all its stockholders. The attorneys for the Farmers' State Alliance who had instituted the other suit which was to take away the charter of the road wanted to induce some stockholder to sue to test the legality of the lease and now have had this second suit brought.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

TRANSVAAL TROUBLE.

BATTLE BETWEEN THE BOERS AND THE BRITISH.

Dr. Jameson Captured and a Number of His Followers Killed and Wounded.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, January 2.—A dispatch has reached the Colonial Office stating that Dr. Jameson has had a battle with the Boers before Johannesburg, resulting in his surrender. A number of his followers were killed and wounded. No details are given.

BERLIN, January 2.—The statement made yesterday that Germany had officially inquired of Great Britain what steps the latter Government intended to take in regard to the invasion of the Transvaal by the British South Africa Company is confirmed to-day.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—Mr. Jos. Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, has issued a statement announcing that Gov. Robinson, of the Cape Colony, will start for Pretoria this afternoon to assist in the peaceful settlement of the Transvaal difficulties.

Mr. Chamberlain had a satisfactory interview this morning with the Board of Directors of the British South Africa Company, among whom was the Duke of Fife.

CAPETOWN, Jan. 2.—The Cape *Times* has a dispatch from Pretoria, dated yesterday, saying that the latest news from Krugersdorp was to the effect that there had been fighting between the Boers and the force led by Dr. Jameson and that the letter had suffered heavily.

The British agent at Pretoria, telegraphing under date of yesterday, says that he had seen Gen. Joubert, commanding the Boer forces, who reported that Dr. Jameson had been driven from several positions. Twenty-two burghers were wounded and twenty-three prisoners were taken. At that time no force had moved out of Johannesburg to assist Dr. Jameson.

It is reported that a further British South Africa Company force is being mobilized for the purpose of entering the Transvaal. A Kaffir command is forming on the Beehuanaland frontier of the Orange Free State with the object of assisting the Boers should such assistance be needed.

A later dispatch from Pretoria says that Dr. Jameson was surrounded by a large force of Boers near Krugersdorp and was obliged to surrender.

Jos. Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, has sent a dispatch to Gov. Robinson, saying: "I regret that Dr. Jameson's disobedience has led to a deplorable loss of life. Do your best to secure generous treatment of the prisoners and the wounded."

LONDON January 2.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* asserts that one thousand armed men, who have been in readiness at Balwayo to march into the Transvaal, are now probably en route for that territory.

The directors of the British South Africa Company held at noon to day a meeting to consider the dispatch sent by Mr. Chamberlain, ordering the immediate disavowal by the Company of any knowledge of or responsibility for Dr. Jameson's act in leading an armed body of men into the Transvaal. The directors themselves profess to be entirely without knowledge of Jameson's movements.

The *Star* advises Mr. Chamberlain to cancel the charter of the British South Africa Company.

The Queen has ordered the Duke of Fife, husband of her granddaughter, to withdraw from the directory of the British South Africa Company.

GOVERNMENT FINANCES.

The Debt Statement for December Shows a Net Decrease—Official Statement of Receipts and Expenditures.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 2.—The debt statement issued this afternoon shows a net decrease in the public debt, less cash in the Treasury, during December of $1,179,849.

The interest bearing debt is unchanged. The non-interest bearing debt decreased $558,535, and cash in the Treasury increased $620,814.

The balances of the several classes of debt at the close of business December 31st were: Interest bearing debt, $747,361,960; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, $1,674,510; debt bearing no interest, $378,288 992. Total, $1,125 325,462.

The certificates and Treasury notes offset by an equal amount of cash in the Treasury outstanding at the end of the month were $568,038,673, a decrease of $14,964 000. The total cash in the Treasury was $787,578,447. The gold reserve was $63,962 368. Net cash balances $114,764 932. In the month there was a decrease in gold coin and bars of $16,389,287, the total at the close being $113,198,707. Of silver there was a decrease of $704,186.

Of the surplus there was in national bank depositories $14,271,260, against $14 418,308 at the end of the preceding month.

The Treasury official statement of receipts and expenditures was issued today. The receipts for December were $26 288,937 and the expenditures $25 814,397, which show a surplus for the month of $474,620. For the first six months of the fiscal year the receipts were $167,568,053 and the expenditures $189,963,760, making the deficit $15 893 707. As compared with the last fiscal year at the same period customs receipts show an increase of $13,000,000 and internal revenue receipts a decrease of $6,000,000. Expenditures show a decrease for the same period of $4 000,000, of which $1,000,000 is in pensions and $3,000,000 in the navy establishment. The war expenditures have increased $1,000,000 and the interest account nearly $8,000,000, while the civil expenditures have decreased $5,000,000. Other items show slight changes, making up difference.

SIX PERSONS KILLED.

Result of a Mysterious Fire at Columbus, Ohio.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBUS, O., January 2.—Six deaths are the result of a mysterious fire that occurred at 4.30 o'clock this morning at the residence of John H. Hibbard, at 1298 E. Long street. The dead are—John H. Hibbard, Mrs. J. H. Hibbard; Mrs. Chas. Lee, aged 23, Barnesville, Ohio; Miss Fay Hibbard, aged 19, Barnesville, Ohio; Dorothy Hibbard, aged 3 years, and Allen Hibbard, aged 5 years. Mrs Lee and Miss Hibbard, of Barnesville, are sisters of Mr. Hibbard, and were spending the holidays with their brother.

The house is a large modern frame, two stories and an attic in height, and was heated with natural gas by means of a furnace. The fire probably resulted from an explosion of natural gas, though the facts as to the origin will probably never be known.

A Lexington, Ky., dispatch says: Mayor H. T. Duncan will probably refuse to turn his office over to Mayor-elect J. B. Simrall next Monday, claiming he was elected for four instead of two years. Some of Simrall's friends threaten to take the office by force.

In Olden Times

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently cure habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time but finally injure the system.

N. Y. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

The Venezuelan Question—Resolutions Adopted Urging Friendly Negotiations for Peaceful Settlement of the Dispute.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 2.—At the regular monthly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce held to-day, Mr. Francis B. Thurber, chairman of the Committee on Foreign Commerce and the Revenue Laws, submitted a report on the Venezuelan question, which says in part:

"Since the last meeting of the Chamber a sudden and deplorable check has been given to our growing prosperity by an occurrence which no foresight could anticipate, and from a quarter whence such a blow was least to have been expected. The special message of the President upon the dispute as to the boundary line between Venezuela and British Guiana came as a sudden and unwelcome surprise to the commercial world, causing the apprehension of war to take the place of the calm spirit of confidence. The losses caused by the rude derangement of business and by the fall in the value of merchandise and of securities are too painfully fresh to require discussion. This Chamber should express its profound regret that the contingency of war between the two great English speaking nations should have been suggested as a possible outcome of the pending correspondence in a controversy in which the American people have now and probably can have no more than a sentimental and passing interest.

The following resolution was attached to the report:

"*Resolved*, That the Chamber of Commerce of the city of New York being profoundly impressed with the gravity of the situation which threatens the peace now, and happily so long existing between Great Britain and the United States, appeals to the countries to avert the calamity of war by a resort to arbitration or other friendly negotiation, which has so often been found to be a sufficient and satisfactory mode of settling international disputes and to which both Governments stand committed by profession, precedent and the humanitarian spirit of the age."

Carl Schurz submitted a resolution that the President of the Chamber appoint a special committee of members, of whom the President shall be one, to consider the expediency of an effort to be made on its part, in conjunction with similar organizations in the interests of international peace and good understanding, and to propose a joint committee, to be composed of citizens of the United States and England, to be presided over by some man of prominent ability, to be agreed upon by both sides, the committee to be considered as an advisory counsel.

Both resolutions were adopted with only half a dozen dissenting voices.

EXPLOSION AND FIRE.

A Four-Story Building in St. Louis Wrecked—Two Persons Killed and Many Badly Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, January 2.—An explosion in the boiler room of the Anchor Wire Works Co., at 812 North Third street, at 1 p. m., set fire to the wrecked building. The four stories were lifted bodily into the air, and the fire at once communicated to adjoining warehouses. The explosion was heard all over the eastern end of the city and every window for three blocks around was shattered. At 2 p. m. the fire was under control and the rescuers found the corpses of Frank Niehous and Joe De Boarck. Miss Morman, a typewriter for the Anchor Company, was taken out fatally injured. The Levison Printing House, adjoining the wrecked building, is in a tottering condition. Seventeen badly injured people were taken out of the ruins of the different buildings. Most of them, however, were employes of the printing house. It is probable that other deaths will follow. Chas. Amos, a letter carrier who was delivering mail in the Anchor building, was blown out of a second-story window.

LATER.—The police have made as complete a canvass as possible to-night of the city to ascertain the number of the missing, and the result is disheartening. The list has grown to nineteen, though it is hoped some of these are temporarily housed with friends. At 7 o'clock the body of Albert Miller, aged 18, was taken from the cellar of the Excelsior Works building. It is partly burned. As late as 8 o'clock groans were heard in the wreck and the police had difficulty in restraining the anxious relatives of the missing. The city dispensary was turned into a hospital and fully thirty slightly injured persons were treated there. There are four bodies at the morgue, one not yet identified.

The scene of the wreck is the scene of anxious inquiry by the friends of missing ones. They stand bitter cold and watch with tearful eyes the work of the wreckers. Little work can be done to night, but it will be continued till the debris is thoroughly searched. It is believed that many buildings in the vicinity have been rendered unsafe and a cessation of business about the wreck will be had until thorough inspection is made.

Some of the escapes from death were miraculous. James Kennedy, a printer, perched for twenty minutes on the frame of a third story window, which fell just as the ladder men reached him. John Marlowe was on the street in front of the Grubb building and was hurled across the street against a horse that had been killed against the opposite wall. James Coulashaw, one of the injured, was found under the debris with a heavy beam supporting the wreckage above him. A heavy telegraph pole fell across an express wagon and killed the horse. John Carney, the driver, escaped uninjured. These stories of escape from death are almost innumerable.

FIRE AT RUTHERFORDTON.

A Dozen or More Buildings Burned—Serious Losses.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Jan. 2.—A special to the *Observer* tells of a serious fire at Rutherfordton, the western terminus of the Carolina Central Railroad. It began after 11 o'clock Wednesday night and was finally checked at 4 a. m this morning. The following buildings were burned: Cowan & Grayson, loss $1 000; Washburn's store-house, loss $4 500; Davis & Carson's store, occupied by Twitty & Thomson, druggists, and T. B. Walker, grocery (the druggists' loss is $2 000); the law office of S. Gallert; the Hardin building, and the one occupied by E. Love, besides a number of small wooden buildings belonging to Col. C. L. Harriss, whose loss is $1,500. The cause of the fire is not known. It began in a restaurant.

ANOTHER STRIKE

Threatened by Motormen and Conductors of the Union Traction Company of Philadelphia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PHILADELPHIA, January 2.—Another strike of the employes of the Union Traction Company is now seemingly inevitable. All efforts at a compromise between the company and its men have failed and the question now rests with the men themselves. At 11 o'clock to-night the men began a mass meeting, and as the poll of the road taken to-day showed a large majority in favor of striking, the result of the mass meeting seems a foregone conclusion.

A strike has been declared on the lines of the Union Traction Company to go on this morning.

SOUTH CAROLINA

Farmers Prosperous and Manufacturing Interests Flourishing.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., January 2.—The *News & Courier* has been pegging away for many years urging the farmers of this State to diversify their crops and live at home. Last year it offered special prizes for the biggest hogs raised in South Carolina and the most hogs produced in three hundred days. These offers gave a great impetus to hog raising in the State, and reports to be published by the *News & Courier* to-morrow setting forth the financial and industrial condition of the State shows that more hogs have been raised than in any year since the war. Laurens county with 35,000 population reports one hog per capita. The condition of the State has not been so encouraging nor prosperity so general for fifteen years. Nearly every county has made its own supplies. There have been few if any commercial failures. The merchants report their collections have never been so good. Not only have the farmers paid their debts for 1895, but in hundreds of cases have wiped out old scores. The manufacturing interests were in a more flourishing condition. The banks report large deposits and the whole tone of the report is jubilant.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Rockford, Illinois, Watch Case Company assigned yesterday. No statement is obtainable. The company was capitalized at $75,000.

Albert W. Woodley was hanged yesterday at Pittsburg for the murder of Mrs. Jennie Buchanan at Alleghny City, May 9th, 1894.

A dispatch from Havana says that the insurgents have chosen Guanalay, forty-five miles from Havana, as the center of their operations.

Gov. Bradley, of Kentucky, denies emphatically the story printed in Louisville papers that he had started his campaign for President. He also says he is not a candidate for Senator.

A Norfolk, Va., dispatch says the peanut trust known as the Virginia Peanut Association has decided to wind up its affairs. It was found impossible to control the buying price of peanuts, hence this action.

At West Palm Beach, Fla., a destructive fire destroyed over half the business portion of the town. Several persons were badly injured by the explosion of dynamite to save other buildings. The loss is estimated at about $350 000.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

The New Year is here and new drinks come with A. P. Levy at the French Cafe. Carries the best lines of straight, mixed and otherwise drinks in the city. Come see Albert, Joe and B. b and be convinced. jan 1 tf

When you want a nice bunch of Bananas, a barrel of Baldwin's, a case or crate of fine We tern Apples, a bag of Irish or Sweet Potatoes, Turnips, Onions, Beans, or Mountain Butter from ten to forty pound tubs, call or send your orders to A. S. Halstead & Co., Commission Merchants and Wholesale Fruit and Produce Dealers. jan 1 D&W tf

Photographs—If your Photo U. would C.e. Come along and sit with me; Prices right, Photos b.ight, Don't delay, But come right away. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. dec 29 tf

Removal—From and after this date I will have my residence at the Purcell House. J. F. Woolvin Undertaker and Embalmer. dec 29 1m

Christmas Groceries—Just received one of the best assortments of Christmas and Holiday Groceries in the city, which I can sell at Low Prices. Courteous clerks and drivers will wait on you at any hour in the day. Give me a call, and satisfaction is guaranteed. Chas D Jacobs, North Front street, near Mulberry. dec 10 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N C.

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c11

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c21

1831 THE CULTIVATOR 1896
AND
Country Gentleman.

THE BEST OF THE
AGRICULTURAL WEEKLIES
DEVOTED TO
Farm Crops and Processes,
Horticulture & Fruit-Growing,
Live Stock and Dairying,

While it also includes all minor departments of Rural interest, such as the Poultry Yard, Entomology, Bee Keeping, Greenhouse and Grapery, Veterinary Replies, Farm Questions and Answers, Fireside Reading, Domestic Economy, and a summary of the News of the Week. Its MARKET REPORTS are unusually complete, and much attention is paid to the Prospects of the Crops, as throwing light upon one of the most important of all questions—*When to Buy and When to Sell*. It is liberally illustrated, and contains more reading matter than ever before. The subscription Price is $2.50 per ear, but we offer a SPECIAL REDUCTION in cost

CLUB RATES FOR 1896.
TWO SUBSCRIPTIONS, in one remittance $ 4
SIX SUBSCRIPTIONS, do. do. 10
TEN SUBSCRIPTIONS, do. do. 15

☞ To all NEW Subscribers for 1896, paying in advance now, WE WILL SEND THE PAPER WEEKLY from our RECEIPT of the remittance, to January 1st, 1896, WITHOUT CHARGE.

☞ SPECIMEN COPIES FREE. Address
LUTHER TUCKER & SON, *Publishers*,
oct 15 tf ALBANY, N. Y.

In Everybody's Mouth.

"Frog in Your Throat, 10c."
Familiar in our mouths as household words,
"Frog in Your Throat, 10c."

"Frog in Your Throat, 10c."
Lubricates your voice.
Call and see the "Frog in Your Throat" display (something immense) at

BUNTING'S PHARMACY
Y. M. C. A. Building,
Bunting's Brooklyn Pharmacy,
Fourth and Bladen streets.
dec 28 tf

It Is Strange
How Easily Some People are Fooled Out of Their Hard Earned Money.

We don't think it right to advertise that we are going to sell you goods at a reduced price for cash and then not do it. During the past week this has been our experience. Customers have come in and bought of us and then tell us that we are selling cheaper than some of those *great big establishments* who claim to sell *cheap for cash*, but don't practice what they preach. Trade is coming our way and we are striving to take care of it. Don't fail to look at our

China Tables
AND OUR SHOW CASES FULL OF THINGS SUITABLE FOR
XMAS PRESENTS.
Remember bargains in
Oil, Coal and Wood Heaters,
COAL VASES
and other winter comforts. We are not afraid to compare prices with any establishment in the city.

Alderman Hardware Co.,
29 South Front Street.
dec 15 tf

---63 1-2 Steps---

From the corner of Front and Princess streets will bring you to

Mercer & Evans'
Shoe Store,

where you can buy Shoes as cheap as the cheapest, and as good as the best.

Call there, buy a pair and get a copy of the Puzzle of the Day, and see how the "Gold Bugs" and the "Silver Bugs" will get across "Greenback River" together.

Respectfully,
Mercer & Evans,
H. C. Evans' Old Stand.
dec 21 tf

Special Prices
In Every Department
DURING NEXT
TWO WEEKS
on account of Stock Taking.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

Black Jersey Leggings,
LADIES', MISSES AND CHILDREN.
For Bicycle and general use and for cold weather.
Ladies' 1 to 5 at $1.50.
Misses' 11 to 13 at 1.25.
Children's 8 to 10 1,00.
The latest out, at
Geo. R. French & Sons.
dec 30 tf

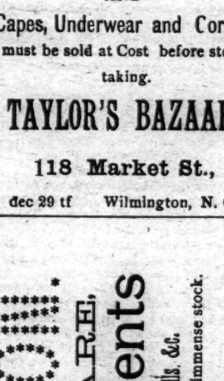
WE WILL DISPOSE
of the balance of our
TOYS
—AND—
HOLIDAY NOVELTIES
—AT—
Less Than Cost,
IN PREFERENCE TO PACKING THEM AWAY.
Our Loss is Your Gain!

Churches
going to have
Christmas Trees
will do well to give us a call.

ALSO OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF
Millinery
Fancy Goods,
Dry Goods
Notions.
CLOAKS,
—AND—
Capes, Underwear and Corsets
must be sold at Cost before stock taking.

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,
118 Market St.,
dec 29 tf Wilmington, N. C.

THE CHICAGO.



Just Try It, Which Is All We Ask
We do not claim to sell our goods so much less than others, but we do say that we can and will sell as low as any House that pays full value for their goods.
W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
Purcell Building,
dec 24 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Cash Paid
—FOR—
Beeswax.
If you have some to sell, ship it to us, and we will allow you
28 Cents Per Pound
Free on board cars or steamer at Wilmington in good sound packages. References all through the South if required.
W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,
Boston, Mass.
nov 16 3m Office and Warehouse 26 Central Wharf

HARDWARE, TINWARE,
Agricultural Implements
Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Caps, Loaded and Unloaded Shells, &c.
BEST GOODS AT THE LOWEST PRICES. Call and examine our immense stock.
J. W. MURCHISON.
Old Stand of Giles & Murchison, Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.
dec 30 tf

JOHNSON & FORE
Are showing a beautiful selection of
FANCY GOODS,
SUITABLE FOR
Holiday Presents.
Nothing in the city begins to compare with the handsome display they are making.
Handkerchiefs
in Linen and Silk for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Silk Umbrellas
In beautiful fancy sticks in 26 and 28 inches.
Fancy Baskets, Japanese Screens.
100 dozen
KID GLOVES
just received, in the newest fall shades. Every pair warranted when fitted at the store.
LADIES' WRAPS
from $5 00 to $35.00, made in the most fashionable styles and they are the best fitting garments on the market.
Many entirely new things in Bric-a-brac.
Complete stock of
Dry Goods
and Millinery.
Johnson & Fore,
No. 111 Market St.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
dec 24 tf

S. H. Fishblate's
MATCHLESS
REDUCTIONS
—ON—
SUITS
—AND—
OVERCOATS.
The blame is on the weather.
We acknowledge the corn. We are overstocked. Nothing left to do but to slash into the prices and compel you men to buy! We are going to do it—at once—now. The center of Clothing selling will be here in this Store for the next two weeks—if the lowest prices ever heard of for FINE CLOTHING count for anything—and they will.
Opportunities
Don't last forever, they come and go. A Bargain is an opportunity. You must take it quickly or miss it forever. Don't blame us if you come too late.
S. H. Fishblate,
KING CLOTHIER.
jan 1 tf

Commissioner's Sale.

IN PURSUANCE of a decree of foreclosure at September Term, 1895, of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, in an action therein pending, wherein John L. Wescott is plaintiff, and W. B McKoy and M. H McKoy are defendants, the undersigned, Commissioner appointed by said decree will sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in the city of Wilmington, on Monday, the 20th day of January, A. D., 1896, at 12 o'clock m., the following two parcels of land in the said city of Wilmington: 1st Parcel—Beginning at a point on the north side of Market street, between Front and Second streets, bounded westwardly by a lot formerly the property of Jean DuBois, eastwardly by a lot formerly the property of Jacob Trout, northwardly by Toomer's Alley, and southwardly by said Market street, measuring 20 feet front on Market street, and running back 132 feet to Toomer's Alley, and part calarly described in a deed from Nathaniel Hill to James Owen, recorded in Book "X," page 370 of the Records of New Hanover county.

2nd Tract—Beginning at the northwest intersection of Market and Front streets, running thence northwardly, with the line of Front street, 40 feet, to Augustus Lamman's line, thence westwardly 15 feet, to the line of William A. Wright and Thomas H. Wright, thence southwardly 40 feet to Market street, and thence eastwardly to the beginning.

E. K. BRYAN,
dec 18 30t Commissioner.

Commissioner's Sale.

IN PURSUANCE of a decree of foreclosure at April Term, A. D., 1895, of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, in an action therein pending, wherein John L. Wescott is plaintiff, and W. B McKoy, Katherine B. McKoy, and John D Bellamy, Jr., Trustee, are defendants, the undersigned, Commissioner appointed by said decree, will sell at public auction, for cash, at the Court House door in the city of Wilmington, on Monday, the 20th day of January, A. D., 1896, at 12 o'clock m., the following parcel of land in the said city of Wilmington: Beginning at a point on the north side of Market street between Front and Second streets, bounded westwardly by a lot formerly the property of Jean DuBois, eastwardly by a lot formerly the property of Jacob Trout, northwardly by Toomer's Alley, and southwardly by said Market street, measuring 20 feet front on Market street, and running back 132 feet to Toomer's Alley, and particularly described in a deed from Nathaniel Hill to James Owen, recorded in Book "X," page 370 of the Records of New Hanover county.

E. K. BRYAN,
dec 18 30t Commissioner.

Announcement.

I TAKE THIS METHOD of announcing to all my old friends and patrons that I have again located in Wilmington and may be found at Prompt's Barber Shop, No. 11 South Front street, where I will be pleased to see you one and all.

Respectfully,
dec 29 tf WILLIAM J. STEWART.